

**GLOBAL X**

by Mirae Asset

—

# GLOBAL X SEASONAL ROTATION ETF (HAC:TSX)

ANNUAL REPORT | DECEMBER 31, 2025

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# Contents

## **MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE**

Management Discussion of Fund Performance .....	5
Financial Highlights .....	10
Past Performance .....	13
Summary of Investment Portfolio .....	14

## **MANAGER'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING** .....

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** .....

## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Statement of Financial Position .....	20
Statement of Comprehensive Income .....	21
Statement of Changes in Financial Position .....	22
Statement of Cash Flows .....	23
Schedule of Investments .....	24
Notes to Financial Statements .....	26

## A Message from the CEO

As we mark the end of 2025, I am proud to reflect on the growth we continue to achieve as a company and for our clients, through the innovative investment solutions we manage for Canadians.

In May, we marked the first anniversary of our successful rebrand from Horizons ETFs into Global X Investments Canada Inc. (“**Global X**”).

With investors like you in mind, our decision to rebrand was rooted in a desire to offer Canadians the best of both worlds: the strength, extended reach and global network of experts that come with the internationally recognized Global X brand, alongside the continued local expertise and support we offer for navigating the Canadian investment landscape.

As part of the Global X platform, we are part of something bigger: more than \$200 billion in ETF assets under management worldwide, backed by our parent company, Mirae Asset, which manages more than \$1 trillion in assets across 19 countries and global markets around the world.

Through it all, we remain committed to helping Canadians navigate and harness the emerging trends that shape markets and offering investment solutions and client experiences that are designed to be informative and relevant.

I am proud to highlight other successes that Global X has achieved so far this year, within our business and for our investors.

In June, Global X was recognized as the ETF Provider of the Year at the 2025 Wealth Professional Awards. This marks the second year in a row that we’ve earned this industry achievement. The award recognizes the outstanding asset management firm that specializes in exchange-traded funds (ETFs), which consistently delivers superior advisor service while pushing the boundaries with innovation and industry best practices over the last 12 months. This recognition reflects our commitment to delivering high-quality investment solutions and underscores Global X’s position as a Canadian ETF industry leader.

In 2025, we launched 30 ETFs that have offered Canadians new and innovative ways to access exposure to some of the most in-demand asset classes, strategies and commodities in today’s markets.

In February, we launched the Global X Artificial Intelligence Infrastructure Index ETF (“**MTRX**”) to offer Canadians a foundational way to access the broader infrastructure and service providers set to benefit from exponential AI expansion. MTRX offers foundational exposure to the commodity and energy suppliers, as well as data center operators, which are critical to support the growing demand for AI applications.

In April, we launched eleven more ETFs across multiple product lines, including thematic index ETFs, covered call ETFs, and our enhanced covered call ETF suite. Market dynamics, driven by economic and geopolitical events, have propelled popularity and inflows into many of these new ETFs, including the Global X Defence Tech Index ETF (“**SHLD**”), the Global X Bitcoin Covered Call ETF (“**BCCC**”) and the Global X Enhanced Gold Producer Equity Covered Call ETF (“**GLCL**”).

In the final months of 2025, we kept the momentum going by launching five more ETFs, including the Global X Silver Covered Call ETF (“**AGCC**”) and the Global X Copper Producer Equity Covered Call ETF (“**CPCC**”) – the world’s first copper covered call ETF. Other notable launches include our Global X China Hang Seng TECH Index ETF (“**CHQQ**”), which offers investors the potential to capture the global technology opportunity that is unfolding rapidly in China. We also expanded our fixed income lineup with the launch of the Global X 1-3 Year U.S. Treasury Bond Index ETF (“**TSTX**”) and the Global X 20+ Year U.S. Treasury Bond Index ETF (“**TLTX**”) to deliver U.S. Treasury exposure through products designed for Canadian investors.

At Global X, we embrace innovation in everything that we do. From our roots as one of Canada’s first ETF providers to our proud legacy of launching first-of-their-kind investment products, we are driven by boldness, vision, and a commitment to exceptional quality and client experience.

Under our Global X brand, our motto is “Innovation meets Investing”. We are committed to being there, alongside you, to help you explore a world of investment possibilities and global opportunities.

Thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely,



Rohit Mehta

President & CEO of Global X Investments Canada Inc.

## MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

This annual management report of fund performance for Global X Seasonal Rotation ETF (“HAC” or the “ETF”) contains financial highlights and is included with the audited annual financial statements for the investment fund. You may request a copy of the ETF’s unaudited interim or audited annual financial statements, interim or annual management report of fund performance, current proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record, or quarterly portfolio disclosures, at no cost, from the ETF’s manager, Global X Investments Canada Inc. (“Global X” or the “Manager”), by calling toll free 1-866-641-5739, or locally (416) 933-5745, by writing to us at: 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto ON, M5J 2H7, or by visiting our website at [www.globalx.ca](http://www.globalx.ca) or SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca).

This document may contain forward-looking statements relating to anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance, or expectations that are not historical facts but instead represent our beliefs regarding future events. By their nature, forward-looking statements require us to make assumptions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. There is significant risk that predictions and other forward-looking statements will not prove to be accurate. We caution readers of this document not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements as a number of factors could cause actual future results, conditions, actions or events to differ materially from the targets, expectations, estimates or intentions expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements.

Actual results may differ materially from management expectations as projected in such forward-looking statements for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to market and general economic conditions, interest rates, regulatory and statutory developments, the effects of competition in the geographic and business areas in which the ETF may invest and the risks detailed from time to time in the ETF’s prospectus. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors. We caution that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive, and that when relying on forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to investing in the ETF, investors and others should carefully consider these factors, as well as other uncertainties and potential events, and the inherent uncertainty of forward-looking statements. Due to the potential impact of these factors, the Manager does not undertake, and specifically disclaims, any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required by applicable law.

## Management Discussion of Fund Performance

### Investment Objective and Strategies

HAC seeks to provide long term capital appreciation in all market cycles by tactically allocating its exposure amongst equities, fixed income, commodities and currencies during periods that have historically demonstrated seasonal trends. HAC’s portfolio may from time to time also include a significant amount of cash and/or cash equivalents.

HAC invests primarily in Exchange Traded Products to gain exposure to the performance of Broad Markets or Sector Markets that at various times of the year have historically performed favourably. During historically favourable periods of the year that a given Broad Market has produced higher rates of return and/or a higher frequency of positive performance compared with other periods of the year, HAC may allocate some or all of its exposure to such Broad Market. HAC may also invest in futures contracts to meet its investment objectives.

During historically favourable periods of the year that a given Broad Market has produced higher rates of return and/or a higher frequency of positive performance compared with other periods of the year, HAC may allocate some or all of its exposure to Broad Markets. During historically favourable periods of the year that one or more Sector Markets have produced higher rates of return and/or have a higher frequency of positive performance compared with Broad Markets over the same period, HAC may allocate some of its exposure to those Sector Markets. During periods of the year when Broad Markets have historically underperformed when compared with Broad Markets during other periods of the year, HAC may allocate some of its portfolio to cash, cash equivalents or Exchange Traded Products that provide inverse exposure (including inverse leveraged exposure) to Broad Markets or one or more Sector Markets.

## Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

In order to implement these investment strategies, the ETF's investment manager may employ investment techniques that include: (a) investing directly in securities, often referred to as a "long position"; (b) taking a position in security whereby HAC will agree with another party to deliver that security to that party at a future date and future price, often referred to as a "short position"; and (c) take a long position and a short position in different securities or financial instruments that, in the opinion of the ETF's investment manager, reflect Broad Markets or Sector Markets that are traditionally inversely or directly correlated, often referred to as a "pair trade".

At times, HAC will seek to profit from short-term strategic opportunities with long or short exposure to Broad Markets or Sector Markets. At any time, HAC may have a significant amount of its portfolio in fixed-income securities, cash or cash equivalents in order to react to market conditions and/or preserve capital.

While HAC may seek to achieve its investment objective and implement these investment strategies by investing primarily in Exchange Traded Products that provide exposure to Broad Markets, Sector Markets, and fixed income securities, HAC may seek exposure by investing directly or by employing indirect alternatives that are consistent with HAC's investment objectives. Any investment in futures contracts for non-hedging purposes, including commodity futures by HAC is subject to investment restrictions which ensure that HAC holds cash cover in an amount that, together with margin on account for the futures contract and the market value of the futures contract is not less than, on a daily mark to market basis, the underlying market exposure of the commodity future.

Please refer to the most recent prospectus for a complete explanation of HAC's investment restrictions.

### Risk

The Manager performs a review of the ETF's risk rating at least annually, as well as when there is a material change in the ETF's investment objective or investment strategies. During the period, there were no changes to the ETF that materially affected the overall risk level associated with an investment in the ETF. The current risk rating for the ETF is: medium.

Risk ratings are determined based on the historical volatility of the ETF as measured by the standard deviation of its performance against its mean. The risk categorization of the ETF may change over time and historical volatility is not indicative of future volatility. Generally, a risk rating is assigned to the ETF based on a rolling 10-year standard deviation of its returns, the return of an underlying index, or of an applicable proxy. In cases where the Manager believes that this methodology produces a result that is not indicative of the ETF's future volatility, the risk rating may be determined by the ETF's category. Risk ratings are not intended for use as a substitute for undertaking a proper and complete suitability or financial assessment by an investment advisor.

The risks and the full description of each risk to which an investment in the ETF is subject are disclosed in the ETF's most recent prospectus. The most recent prospectus is available at [www.globalx.ca](http://www.globalx.ca) or from [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca), or by contacting Global X Investments Canada Inc. directly via the contact information on the back page of this document.

**Prospective investors should read the ETF's most recent prospectus and consider the full description of the risks contained therein before purchasing units.**

### Results of Operations

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the units of the ETF returned 6.72%, when including distributions paid to unitholders. This compares to the S&P/TSX Composite Index™ (the "TSX Composite") and the S&P 500® (the "S&P 500"), which returned 31.68% and 17.88%, respectively, for the same period, both on a total return basis in local currency terms.

The TSX Composite contains stocks of the largest companies listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange captured by market capitalization. The listed companies in this index account for approximately 70% of the market capitalization for all Canadian-based companies listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange.

## Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

The S&P 500 is widely regarded as the best single-gauge of large-cap U.S. equities. This index includes 500 leading companies and captures approximately 80% coverage of available U.S. market capitalization.

### **General Market Review**

The S&P 500 started 2025 on a negative note as it declined in the first quarter after the U.S. started announcing tariffs on countries around the world. Many countries reacted to the tariffs with announcements of counter-tariffs and further threats of action. Overall, as uncertainty increased, the market responded negatively. Early in the second quarter, the U.S. announced a tariff package with reduced tariffs for most countries around the world, which removed much of the tariff uncertainty and pushed the markets, starting a rally that generally lasted into the end of the year.

The U.S. economy remained strong throughout 2025. The Consumer Price Index year-over-year inflation rate declined into April but then climbed to 3% in September. Concerns continued to linger in 2025 about stubbornly high inflation. The U.S. tariffs have not yet had a large negative impact on the economy, as many had expected. The Federal Reserve (the “Fed”) cut its federal funds rate three times in 2025. The Fed is expected to continue cutting its key interest rate in 2026. The pace of interest rate cuts is uncertain as it is expected that the U.S. government will appoint a new chairperson to the Federal Reserve in May 2026.

The Canadian stock market performed well, as two major sectors of the market pushed the index higher. Canadian banks performed well as they produced stronger-than-expected results. In addition, the mining sector performed well, particularly gold and silver miners. The energy sector performed reasonably well despite the price of oil heading lower in 2025. This is largely the result of a wartime premium being placed on oil.

Canadian economic growth remained weak in 2025 with declining Gross domestic product (“GDP”) rates. The Canada core inflation rate increased throughout 2025 and remains close to 3%. This is making it difficult for the Bank of Canada to cut its overnight target interest rate.

### **Portfolio Review**

In the first part of 2025, the ETF was fully invested in equities. In the first quarter of the year, the ETF held positions that are typically strong at that time of the year, including the small-cap, Energy, Industrials, Materials, Technology, and Canadian Banking sectors. The positions were exited at different times during the first quarter and second quarter, depending on seasonal trends and performance. The ETF shifted larger allocations into broad market positions in Canada and the U.S.

Partway through the second quarter, in early May, the ETF started to become more defensive and entered defensive sectors such as the Consumer Staples sector. In late April, the ETF started to decrease its overall equity exposure in line with the six-month seasonal cycle for the stock market. The ETF also initiated a position in U.S. government bonds. The ETF increased broad market exposure late in the second quarter and into the early third quarter in line with seasonal trends. The ETF substantially exited these positions as the Q2 earnings season started in mid-July and increased its cash position.

Early in the third quarter, the ETF started to increase its cash and cash equivalents position. It also initiated a position in the Gold sector and later exited the position in September. By the end of September and early October, the ETF was substantially in cash. The ETF shifted back into being substantially invested in equities in late October as the six-month favorable period for the stock market started. In the fourth quarter, the ETF invested in the Industrials, Materials, Technology sector, and Canadian Banking sectors. At the end of 2025, the ETF was substantially invested in equities.

### **Outlook**

The year 2026 is expected to be a challenging year for the stock market. The economy is expected to be stable, but inflation remains a concern. The impact of tariffs on costs on the economy has not fully been embedded into the economy as corporations have been slow

## Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

to adjust prices to compensate for the tariffs. A large growth portion of the U.S. GDP has been a direct result of capital expenditure on AI infrastructure. Despite a positive long-term positive outlook for AI, increasing questions are being asked whether AI can overcome obstacles in the near term, such as power, data centre and financing availability. It is possible that GDP growth could slow if AI investment stumbles.

In Canada, the North American Free Trade Agreement comes up for review in mid-2026. The outcome for this event is difficult to predict, but if the US were to try and change the agreement or scrap the agreement and just have bi-lateral agreements, this could put negative pressure on the Canadian economy.

In 2026, the U.S. stock market is expected to broaden out. In previous years, a large percentage of the returns in the S&P 500 were driven by a few large cap stocks mainly in the Technology, Consumer Discretionary, and Communications sectors. There are initial signs that investors are increasingly shifting their focus to other parts of the stock market. This is a healthy development for the market and could help to sustain a positive market in 2026.

The Canadian stock market is expected to perform well, despite a weaker economy compared to the U.S. There are structural deficits in some commodities, prompting an interest in mining companies. The Canadian stock market has disproportionately large holdings in mining companies compared to the U.S. With both the Canadian and the U.S. stock market at historically high valuations, it is possible that we could see a shift to more value-oriented companies versus growth. The Canadian stock market has more of a value orientation compared to the U.S. stock market and could benefit if investors became value-oriented.

Despite fiscal and monetary headwinds, the stock market is expected to perform well in 2026. In 2025, there were some signs that investors could be rotating into some of the commodity sectors of the stock market. If this trend were to continue in 2026, this would support some of the sectors of the stock market that tend to perform well in the first part of the year, such as Energy and Material sectors.

The stock market is expected to follow its long-term seasonal pattern of weaker performance in the six-month period from early May to late October. During this period, defensive sectors of the stock market are expected to outperform most other sectors. Late in the third quarter and into the fourth quarter, it is expected that a rotation will take place into sectors of the stock market that typically perform well at that time of the year, including Canadian Banks, Technology, Industrials, Consumer Discretionary and Materials. Overall, in 2026, the stock market is expected to produce moderate gains.

### ***Other Operating Items and Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units***

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the ETF generated gross comprehensive income (loss) from investments and derivatives (which includes changes in the fair value of the ETF's portfolio) of \$12,952,615. This compares to \$24,828,291 for the year ended December 31, 2024. The ETF incurred management, operating and transaction expenses of \$2,269,345 (2024 – \$6,574,175) of which \$988 (2024 – \$2,733) was either paid or absorbed by the Manager on behalf of the ETF. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at the discretion of the Manager.

The ETF distributed \$3,570,315 to unitholders during the year (2024 – \$32,724,121).

### **Presentation**

The attached financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS"). Any mention of total net assets, net assets, net asset value or increase (decrease) in net assets in the financial statements and/or management report of fund performance is referring to net assets or increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as reported under IFRS.

---

## Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

### Recent Developments

There are no recent industry, management or ETF related developments that are pertinent to the present and future of the ETF.

### Related Party Transactions

Certain services have been provided to the ETF by related parties and those relationships are described below.

#### ***Manager, Trustee and Investment Manager***

The manager, trustee and investment manager of the ETF is Global X Investments Canada Inc., 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7, a corporation incorporated under the laws of Ontario.

If the ETF invests in other Global X ETFs, Global X may receive management fees in respect of the ETF's assets invested in such Global X ETFs. In addition, any management fees paid to the Manager (described in detail on page 12) are related party transactions, as the Manager is considered to be a related party to the ETF. Fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are also considered to be related party transactions. Both the management fees and fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income in the attached financial statements of the ETF. The management fees payable by the ETF as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 are disclosed in the statement of financial position.

## Financial Highlights

The following tables show selected key financial information about the ETF and are intended to help you understand the ETF's financial performance for the past five fiscal years. This information is derived from the ETF's audited annual financial statements. Please see the front page for information on how you may obtain the ETF's annual financial statements.

### The ETF's Net Assets per Unit

Year <sup>(1)</sup>	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
<b>Net assets, beginning of year</b>	\$ 30.87	28.31	24.60	25.98	21.40
<b>Increase (decrease) from operations:</b>					
Total revenue	0.53	0.50	0.64	0.23	0.11
Total expenses	(0.38)	(0.94)	(0.28)	(0.31)	(0.52)
Realized gains (losses) for the year	0.49	5.52	1.75	(0.18)	4.64
Unrealized gains (losses) for the year	1.16	(2.47)	1.76	(1.13)	0.43
<b>Total increase (decrease) from operations <sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>2.61</b>	<b>3.87</b>	<b>(1.39)</b>	<b>4.66</b>
<b>Distributions:</b>					
From net investment income (excluding dividends)	(0.15)	–	(0.32)	–	–
From dividends	(0.16)	–	–	–	–
From net realized capital gains	(0.47)	(4.91)	(0.72)	(0.22)	–
<b>Total distributions <sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>(0.78)</b>	<b>(4.91)</b>	<b>(1.04)</b>	<b>(0.22)</b>	<b>–</b>
<b>Net assets, end of year <sup>(4)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 32.66</b>	<b>30.87</b>	<b>28.31</b>	<b>24.60</b>	<b>25.98</b>

1. This information is derived from the ETF's audited annual financial statements.

2. Net assets per unit and distributions are based on the actual number of units outstanding at the relevant time. The increase (decrease) from operations is based on the weighted average number of units outstanding over the financial period.

3. Income, dividend and/or return of capital distributions, if any, are paid in cash, reinvested in additional units of the ETF, or both. Capital gains distributions, if any, may or may not be paid in cash. Non-cash capital gains distributions are reinvested in additional units of the ETF and subsequently consolidated. They are reported as taxable distributions and increase each unitholder's adjusted cost base for their units. Neither the number of units held by the unitholder, nor the net asset per unit of the ETF change as a result of any non-cash capital gains distributions. Distributions classified as return of capital, if any, decrease each unitholder's adjusted cost base for their units. The characteristics of distributions, if any, are determined subsequent to the end of the ETF's tax year. Until such time, distributions are classified as from net investment income (excluding dividends) for reporting purposes.

4. The Financial Highlights are not intended to act as a continuity of the opening and closing net assets per unit.

**Financial Highlights** (continued)

**Ratios and Supplemental Data**

<b>Year <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Net asset value (000's)	\$ 149,180	205,826	188,730	188,002	228,106
Number of units outstanding (000's)	4,568	6,668	6,668	7,643	8,780
Management expense ratio <sup>(2)(5)</sup>	1.14%	3.01%	1.08%	1.24%	2.22%
Management expense ratio excluding performance fees <sup>(2)</sup>	1.14%	1.10%	1.08%	1.08%	1.10%
Management expense ratio excluding performance fees and security borrowing costs	1.07%	1.03%	1.01%	1.04%	1.07%
Management expense ratio excluding performance fees, security borrowing costs and proportion of expenses from underlying investment funds	0.89%	0.88%	0.87%	0.88%	0.85%
Management expense ratio before waivers and absorptions <sup>(3)</sup>	1.14%	3.01%	1.10%	1.24%	2.25%
Trading expense ratio <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	0.23%	0.24%	0.14%	0.13%	0.19%
Trading expense ratio excluding proportion of costs from underlying investment funds	0.21%	0.20%	0.10%	0.08%	0.09%
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(6)</sup>	591.61%	684.29%	473.74%	668.54%	600.27%
Net asset value per unit, end of year	\$ 32.66	30.87	28.31	24.60	25.98
Closing market price	\$ 32.65	30.84	28.30	24.61	25.98

1. This information is provided as at December 31 of the years shown.

2. Management expense ratio is based on total expenses, including sales tax, (excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs) for the stated period and is expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the year. Out of its management fees, and waivers and absorptions, as applicable, the Manager pays for such services to the ETF as investment manager compensation and marketing.

3. The Manager, at its discretion, may waive and/or absorb a portion of the fees and/or expenses otherwise payable by the ETF. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at the discretion of the Manager.

4. The trading expense ratio represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the year.

5. The ETF's management expense ratio (MER) and trading expense ratio (TER) include an estimated proportion of the MER and TER for any underlying investment funds held in the ETF's portfolio during the year.

6. The ETF's portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively its portfolio investments are traded. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to the ETF buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the year. Generally, the higher the ETF's portfolio turnover rate in a year, the greater the trading costs payable by the ETF in the year, and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the year. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of the ETF.

**Financial Highlights** (continued)

**Management Fees**

The Manager provides, or oversees the provision of, administrative services required by the ETF including, but not limited to: negotiating contracts with certain third-party service providers, such as portfolio managers, custodians, registrars, transfer agents, auditors and printers; authorizing the payment of operating expenses incurred on behalf of the ETF; arranging for the maintenance of accounting records for the ETF; preparing reports to unitholders and to the applicable securities regulatory authorities; calculating the amount and determining the frequency of distributions by the ETF; preparing financial statements, income tax returns and financial and accounting information as required by the ETF; ensuring that unitholders are provided with financial statements and other reports as are required from time to time by applicable law; ensuring that the ETF complies with all other regulatory requirements, including the continuous disclosure obligations of the ETF under applicable securities laws; administering purchases, redemptions and other transactions in units of the ETF; and dealing and communicating with unitholders of the ETF. The Manager provides office facilities and personnel to carry out these services, if not otherwise furnished by any other service provider to the ETF. The Manager also monitors the investment strategies of the ETF to ensure that the ETF complies with its investment objectives, investment strategies and investment restrictions and practices.

In consideration for the provision of these services, the Manager receives a monthly management fee at the annual rate of 0.75%, plus applicable sales taxes, of the net asset value of the ETF's units, calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly in arrears.

Any expenses of the ETF which are waived or absorbed by the Manager are paid out of the management fees received by the Manager.

The table below details, in percentage terms, the services received by the ETF from the Manager in consideration of the management fees paid during the year.

Marketing	Portfolio management fees, general administrative costs and profit	Waived/absorbed expenses of the ETF
9%	91%	–

**Performance fees**

The ETF will pay to the Manager a performance fee (the "Performance Fee"), if any, equal to 20% of the amount by which the performance of the ETF at any date on which the fee is payable (i) exceeds the High Water Mark (as defined in the ETF's prospectus) and (ii) is greater than an annualized return of five percent (5%). The Performance Fee will be determined in accordance with the definitions and the formula outlined in the prospectus and shall be calculated and accrued daily on each class of units.

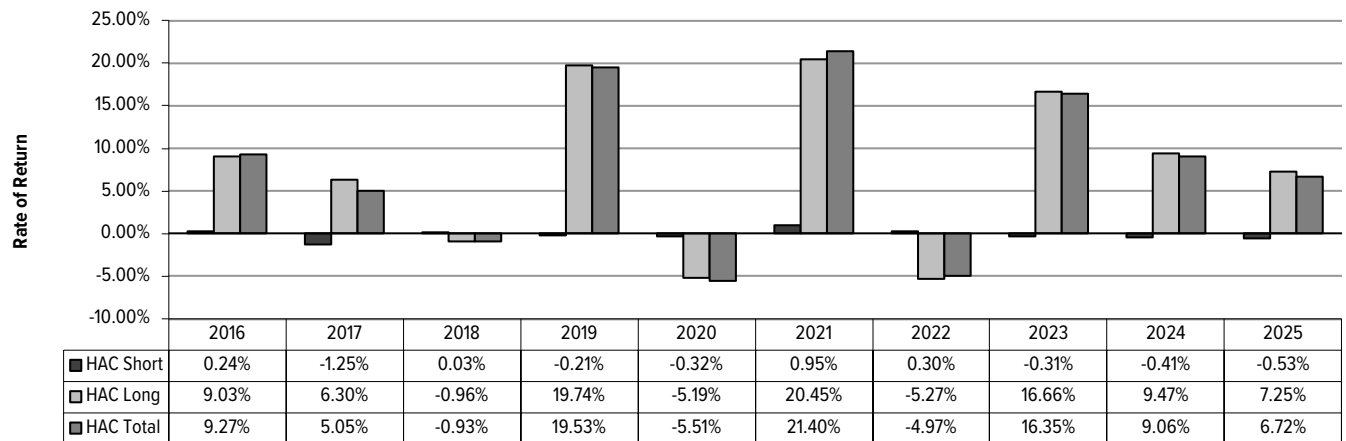
The Performance Fee shall be calculated and accrued daily and shall be payable at least quarterly in arrears on dates determined by the Manager, together with applicable taxes. The ETF accrued \$nil in performance fees for the year ended December 31, 2025 (2024 – \$4,057,020) and is disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income. Performance fees payable to the Manager as at December 31, 2025, were \$nil (December 31, 2024 - \$nil) and is included in accrued operating expenses on the statement of financial position, where applicable.

## Past Performance

Commissions, management fees, expenses and applicable sales taxes all may be associated with an investment in the ETF. Please read the prospectus before investing. The indicated rates of return are the historical total returns including changes in unit value and reinvestment of all distributions, and do not take into account sales, redemptions, distributions or optional charges or income taxes payable by any investor that would have reduced returns. An investment in the ETF is not guaranteed. Its value changes frequently and past performance may not be repeated. The ETF's performance numbers assume that all distributions, if any, are reinvested in additional units of the ETF. If you hold this ETF outside of a registered plan, income and capital gains distributions that are paid to you increase your income for tax purposes whether paid to you in cash or reinvested in additional units. The amount of the reinvested taxable distributions is added to the adjusted cost base of the units that you own. This would decrease your capital gain or increase your capital loss when you later redeem from the ETF, thereby ensuring that you are not taxed on this amount again. Please consult your tax advisor regarding your personal tax situation.

## Year-by-Year Returns

The following chart presents the ETF's performance for the periods shown, and illustrates how the performance has changed from period to period. In percentage terms, the chart shows how much an investment made on the first day of the financial period would have grown or decreased by the last day of the financial period.



The ETF effectively began operations on November 19, 2009.

## Annual Compound Returns

The following table presents the ETF's annual compound total return since inception and for the periods shown ended December 31, 2025, along with a comparable market index. The table is used only to illustrate the effects of the compound growth rate and is not intended to reflect future values of the ETF or future returns on investments in the ETF.

	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	Since Inception
Global X Seasonal Rotation ETF	6.72%	10.63%	9.33%	7.21%	7.79%
Long	7.25%	11.05%	9.33%	7.36%	8.20%
Short	-0.53%	-0.42%	0.00%	-0.15%	-0.41%
S&P 500®	17.88%	22.96%	14.42%	14.81%	14.15%
S&P/TSX Composite Index™	31.68%	21.38%	16.08%	12.65%	9.64%

The ETF effectively began operations on November 19, 2009.

## Summary of Investment Portfolio

As at December 31, 2025

<b>Asset Mix</b>	<b>Net Asset Value</b>	<b>% of ETF's Net Asset Value</b>
U.S. Equities	\$ 87,367,278	58.57%
Canadian Equities	31,430,391	21.07%
Commodity ETFs	25,664,383	17.20%
Global Equities	2,925,687	1.96%
Currency Forward Hedge*	1,422,404	0.95%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,371,641	0.92%
Other Assets less Liabilities	(1,002,043)	-0.67%
	<b>\$ 149,179,741</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

<b>Sector Mix</b>	<b>Net Asset Value</b>	<b>% of ETF's Net Asset Value</b>
U.S. Broad Equity	\$ 44,913,147	30.11%
Materials	37,539,631	25.16%
Canadian Broad Equity	28,717,867	19.25%
Industrials	21,605,628	14.48%
Financials	14,611,466	9.80%
Currency Forward Hedge*	1,422,404	0.95%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,371,641	0.92%
Other Assets less Liabilities	(1,002,043)	-0.67%
	<b>\$ 149,179,741</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

\* Positions in forward contracts are disclosed as the gain/(loss) that would be realized if the contracts were closed out on the date of this report.

**Summary of Investment Portfolio** (continued)

As at December 31, 2025

<b>Top Holdings</b>	<b>% of ETF's Net Asset Value</b>
Global X S&P/TSX 60 Index ETF	19.25%
SPDR® Dow Jones Industrial Average ETF Trust	18.67%
Industrial Select Sector SPDR® Fund	12.52%
Global X Russell 2000 Index ETF	11.44%
Materials Select Sector SPDR® Fund	7.96%
SPDR® Gold Shares	7.69%
Financial Select Sector SPDR® Fund	4.75%
iShares Silver Trust	3.33%
Global X Equal Weight US Banks Index ETF	3.23%
Global X Gold Producers Index ETF	3.19%
Global X Gold ETF	2.99%
Global X Defence Tech Index ETF	1.96%
Global X Equal Weight Canadian Banks Index ETF	1.82%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.92%

The summary of investment portfolio may change due to the ongoing portfolio transactions of the ETF. The most recent financial statements are available at no cost by calling 1-866-641-5739, or (416) 933-5745, by writing to us at 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7, by visiting our website at [www.globalx.ca](http://www.globalx.ca) or through SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca).

**MANAGER’S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING**

The accompanying audited annual financial statements of Global X Seasonal Rotation ETF (the “ETF”) are the responsibility of the manager and trustee to the ETF, Global X Investments Canada Inc. (the “Manager”). They have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards using information available and include certain amounts that are based on the Manager’s best estimates and judgements.

The Manager has developed and maintains a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that all assets are safeguarded and to produce relevant, reliable and timely financial information, including the accompanying financial statements.

These financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager and have been audited by KPMG LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants, on behalf of unitholders. The independent auditor’s report outlines the scope of their audit and their opinion on the financial statements.



---

Rohit Mehta  
Director  
Global X Investments Canada Inc.



---

Thomas Park  
Director  
Global X Investments Canada Inc.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### To the Unitholders of Global X Seasonal Rotation ETF

#### *Opinion*

We have audited the financial statements of Global X Seasonal Rotation ETF (the ETF), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024
- the statement of comprehensive income for the years then ended
- the statement of changes in financial position for the years then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the years then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information

(Hereinafter referred to as the “financial statements”).

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the ETF as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

#### *Basis for Opinion*

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “**Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**” section of our auditor’s report.

We are independent of the ETF in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### *Other Information*

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

- the information included in the Management Report of Fund Performance.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in the Management Report of Fund Performance as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

***Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the ETF or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the ETF's financial reporting process.

***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the ETF's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the ETF to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "KPMG LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, slightly slanted style. Below the signature is a horizontal line that starts under the "K" and ends under the "P", with a small upward tick at the end.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants  
The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this auditor's report is Robert D'Aroffi.  
Toronto, Canada  
March 16, 2026

**Statement of Financial Position**

As at December 31,

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,371,641	\$ 1,193,382
Investments (note 6)	147,387,739	207,935,569
Amounts receivable relating to accrued income	414,464	470,119
Derivative assets (note 3)	1,482,475	52,487
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>150,656,319</b>	<b>209,651,557</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Accrued management fees (note 9)	117,965	157,742
Accrued operating expenses	9,580	11,282
Distribution payable	1,288,962	–
Derivative liabilities (note 3)	60,071	3,656,868
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,476,578</b>	<b>3,825,892</b>
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>\$ 149,179,741</b>	<b>\$ 205,825,665</b>
Number of redeemable units outstanding (note 8)	4,567,547	6,667,547
Net assets per unit	\$ 32.66	\$ 30.87

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors of the Manager:



Rohit Mehta  
Director



Thomas Park  
Director

**Statement of Comprehensive Income**

For the Years Ended December 31,

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Income</b>		
Dividend income	\$ 3,092,158	\$ 1,976,453
Interest income for distribution purposes	39,347	1,509,008
Securities lending income (note 7)	27,321	28,109
Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives	2,097,613	38,626,774
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign exchange	814,388	54,336
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives	6,881,584	(17,367,302)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of foreign exchange	204	913
	<b>12,952,615</b>	<b>24,828,291</b>
<b>Expenses (note 9)</b>		
Management fees	1,523,550	1,737,074
Performance fees	–	4,057,020
Audit fees	6,884	7,853
Independent Review Committee fees	606	708
Custodial and fund valuation fees	65,127	65,330
Legal fees	854	3,523
Securityholder reporting costs	24,481	22,778
Administration fees	21,958	22,697
Borrowing fees for securities sold short	131,847	144,297
Transaction costs	385,184	429,997
Withholding taxes	108,854	82,898
	<b>2,269,345</b>	<b>6,574,175</b>
Amounts that were payable by the investment fund that were paid or absorbed by the Manager	(988)	(2,733)
	<b>2,268,357</b>	<b>6,571,442</b>
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets for the year</b>	<b>\$ 10,684,258</b>	<b>\$ 18,256,849</b>
Increase (decrease) in net assets per unit	\$ 1.80	\$ 2.61

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

**Statement of Changes in Financial Position**

For the Years Ended December 31,

	<b>2025</b>		<b>2024</b>	
<b>Net assets at the beginning of the year</b>	\$	205,825,665	\$	188,729,969
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets</b>		10,684,258		18,256,849
<b>Redeemable unit transactions</b>				
Proceeds from the issuance of securities of the investment fund		2,334,078		21,049,851
Aggregate amounts paid on redemption of securities of the investment fund		(68,375,298)		(22,211,004)
Securities issued on reinvestment of distributions		2,281,353		32,724,121
Distributions:				
From net investment income		(1,401,824)		–
From net realized capital gains		(2,168,491)		(32,724,121)
<b>Net assets at the end of the year</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>149,179,741</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>205,825,665</b>

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

**Statement of Cash Flows**

For the Years Ended December 31,

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Increase (decrease) in net assets for the year	\$ 10,684,258	\$ 18,256,849
Adjustments for:		
Net realized (gain) loss on sale of investments and derivatives	(2,097,613)	(38,626,774)
Net realized gain (loss) on currency forward contracts	(2,539,644)	(5,368,582)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments and derivatives	(6,881,584)	17,367,302
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of foreign exchange	(542)	(2,222)
Purchase of investments	(899,997,186)	(1,482,703,760)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	946,108,540	1,505,348,315
Amounts receivable relating to accrued income	55,655	(365,132)
Accrued expenses	(41,479)	28,505
<b>Net cash from (used in) operating activities</b>	<b>45,290,405</b>	<b>13,934,501</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Amount received/(paid) from the issuance of units	1,563,116	3,804,262
Amount (paid)/received on redemptions of units	(46,675,804)	(18,125,588)
Distributions paid to unitholders	–	(2,117,613)
<b>Net cash from (used in) financing activities</b>	<b>(45,112,688)</b>	<b>(16,438,939)</b>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year</b>	<b>177,717</b>	<b>(2,504,438)</b>
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	542	2,222
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year</b>	<b>1,193,382</b>	<b>3,695,598</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	<b>\$ 1,371,641</b>	<b>\$ 1,193,382</b>
<b>Supplemental Information:</b>		
Interest received, net of withholding taxes	\$ 39,347	\$ 1,509,008
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	\$ 3,038,959	\$ 1,528,424
Interest paid	\$ 2	\$ –

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

**Schedule of Investments**

As at December 31, 2025

Security	Shares/ Contracts		Average Cost		Fair Value
<b>U.S. EQUITIES (58.57%)</b>					
<b>U.S. Broad Equity (30.11%)</b>					
Global X Russell 2000 Index ETF	607,153	\$	17,636,252	\$	17,058,630
SPDR® Dow Jones Industrial Average ETF Trust	42,229		27,445,301		27,854,517
			45,081,553		44,913,147
<b>Industrials (12.52%)</b>					
Industrial Select Sector SPDR® Fund	87,742		19,064,415		18,679,941
<b>Financials (7.98%)</b>					
Financial Select Sector SPDR® Fund	94,302		7,138,946		7,089,112
Global X Equal Weight US Banks Index ETF	164,102		4,762,215		4,809,830
			11,901,161		11,898,942
<b>Materials (7.96%)</b>					
Materials Select Sector SPDR® Fund	190,824		11,841,316		11,875,248
<b>TOTAL U.S. EQUITIES</b>			<b>87,888,445</b>		<b>87,367,278</b>
<b>CANADIAN EQUITIES (21.07%)</b>					
<b>Canadian Broad Equity (19.25%)</b>					
Global X S&P/TSX 60 Index ETF	824,989		27,823,778		28,717,867
<b>Financials (1.82%)</b>					
Global X Equal Weight Canadian Banks Index ETF	78,374		2,474,711		2,712,524
<b>TOTAL CANADIAN EQUITIES</b>			<b>30,298,489</b>		<b>31,430,391</b>
<b>COMMODITY ETFs (17.20%)</b>					
<b>Materials (17.20%)</b>					
Global X Gold ETF	138,685		4,277,912		4,461,496
Global X Gold Producers Index ETF	94,555		4,840,905		4,758,008
iShares Silver Trust	56,239		4,419,689		4,973,406
SPDR® Gold Shares	21,089		11,354,491		11,471,473
			24,892,997		25,664,383
<b>TOTAL COMMODITY ETFs</b>			<b>24,892,997</b>		<b>25,664,383</b>

**Schedule of Investments** (continued)

As at December 31, 2025

Security	Shares/ Contracts	Average Cost	Fair Value
<b>GLOBAL EQUITIES (1.96%)</b>			
<b>Industrials (1.96%)</b>			
Global X Defence Tech Index ETF	114,374	2,988,021	2,925,687
<b>TOTAL GLOBAL EQUITIES</b>		<b>2,988,021</b>	<b>2,925,687</b>
<b>DERIVATIVES (0.95%)</b>			
<b>Currency Forwards (0.95%)</b>			
Currency forward contract to buy C\$118,535,254 for US\$85,297,000 maturing January 8, 2026		–	1,477,242
Currency forward contract to buy US\$11,457,000 for C\$15,777,942 maturing January 8, 2026		–	(54,838)
		–	1,422,404
<b>TOTAL DERIVATIVES</b>		<b>–</b>	<b>1,422,404</b>
Transaction Costs		(21,144)	
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (99.75%)</b>		<b>\$ 146,046,808</b>	<b>\$ 148,810,143</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents (0.92%)</b>			1,371,641
<b>Other assets less liabilities (-0.67%)</b>			(1,002,043)
<b>NET ASSETS (100.00%)</b>			<b>\$ 149,179,741</b>

## Notes to Financial Statements

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

Global X Seasonal Rotation ETF (“HAC” or the “ETF”) is an investment trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario by Declaration of Trust and effectively began operations on November 19, 2009. The address of the ETF’s registered office is: c/o Global X Investments Canada Inc., 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7.

The ETF is offered for sale on a continuous basis by its prospectus in Class E units (“Class E”) which trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange (“TSX”) under the symbol HAC. An investor may buy or sell units of the ETF on the TSX only through a registered broker or dealer in the province or territory where the investor resides. Investors are able to trade units of the ETF in the same way as other securities traded on the TSX, including by using market orders and limit orders and may incur customary brokerage commissions when buying or selling units.

HAC seeks to provide long term capital appreciation in all market cycles by tactically allocating its exposure amongst equities, fixed income, commodities and currencies during periods that have historically demonstrated seasonal trends. HAC’s portfolio may from time to time also include a significant amount of cash and/or cash equivalents.

Global X Investments Canada Inc. is the manager, trustee and investment manager of the ETF (“Global X”, the “Manager” or the “Investment Manager”). The Investment Manager is responsible for implementing the ETF’s investment strategies.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### *(i) Statement of compliance*

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards (“IFRS”). Any mention of total net assets, net assets, net asset value or increase (decrease) in net assets is referring to net assets or increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as reported under IFRS.

These financial statements were authorized for issue on March 16, 2026, by the Board of Directors of the Manager.

#### *(ii) Basis of measurement*

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at fair value.

#### *(iii) Functional and presentation currency*

The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the ETF’s functional currency. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the ETF operates. If indicators of the primary economic environment are mixed, then management uses its judgement to determine the functional currency that most faithfully represents the economic effect of the underlying transactions, events and conditions.

### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

**(a) Financial instruments**

***(i) Recognition, initial measurement and classification***

The ETF is subject to IFRS 9, Financial Instruments (“IFRS 9”) for the classification and measurement requirements for financial instruments, including impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting.

IFRS 9 requires financial assets to be classified based on the ETF’s business model for managing the financial assets and contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The standard includes three principal classification categories for financial assets: measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). IFRS 9 requires classification of debt instruments, if any, based solely on payments of principal and interests, and business model tests.

The ETF’s financial assets and financial liabilities are managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The contractual cash flows of the ETF’s debt securities, if any, consist solely of principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held in held-to-collect, or held-to-collect-and-sell business models in IFRS 9.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are initially recognized on the trade date, at fair value (see below), with transaction costs recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated at fair value.

The ETF classifies financial assets and financial liabilities into the following categories:

- Financial assets classified at FVTPL: debt securities, equity investments and derivative financial instruments
- Financial assets at amortized cost: all other financial assets
- Financial liabilities classified at FVTPL: derivative financial instruments and securities sold short, if any
- Financial liabilities at amortized cost: all other financial liabilities

***(ii) Impairment***

At each reporting date, financial assets measured at amortized cost are assessed for impairment using the expected-credit-loss model, with any loss allowances recognized in profit or loss. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default in payments are all considered indicators that amounts may be credit impaired.

***(iii) Fair value measurement***

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the ETF has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

Investments are valued at fair value as of the close of business on each day upon which a session of the TSX is held (“Valuation Date”) and based on external pricing sources to the extent possible. Investments held that are traded in an active market through recognized public stock exchanges, over-the-counter markets, or through recognized investment dealers, are valued at their closing sale price. For exchange-traded securities, close prices are considered to be fair value if they fall within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the close price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. However, such prices may be adjusted if a more accurate value can be

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

obtained from recent trading activity or by incorporating other relevant information that may not have been reflected in pricing obtained from external sources. Short-term investments, including notes and money market instruments, are valued at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

Investments held that are not traded in an active market, including some derivative financial instruments, are valued using observable market inputs where possible, on such basis and in such manner as established by the Manager. Derivative financial instruments are recorded in the statement of financial position according to the gain or loss that would be realized if the contracts were closed out on the Valuation Date. Margin deposits, if any, are included in the schedule of investments as margin deposits. See also, the summary of fair value measurements in note 6.

Fair value policies used for financial reporting purposes are the same as those used to measure the net asset value (“NAV”) for transactions with unitholders.

The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

***(iv) Offsetting***

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis for gains and losses from financial instruments at FVTPL and foreign exchange gains and losses.

***(v) Specific instruments***

**Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit and short-term, interest bearing notes with a term to maturity of less than three months from the date of purchase.

As at December 31, 2025, the ETF held cash equivalents of \$nil (2024 – \$nil).

**Forward foreign exchange contracts**

Forward foreign exchange contracts, if any, are valued at the current market value thereof on the Valuation Date. The value of these forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the Valuation Date, the positions were to be closed out and recorded as derivative assets and/or liabilities in the statement of financial position and as a net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives in the statement of comprehensive income. When the forward contracts are closed out or mature, realized gains or losses on forward contracts are recognized and are included in the statement of comprehensive income in net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives. The Canadian dollar value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward currency exchange rates supplied by an independent service provider.

**Redeemable units**

The redeemable units are measured at the redemption amounts and are considered a residual amount of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units. They are classified as financial liabilities as a result of the ETF’s requirement to distribute net income and capital gains to unitholders.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

**(b) Investment income**

Investment transactions are accounted for as of the trade date. Realized gains and losses from investment transactions are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. The difference between fair value and average cost, as recorded in the financial statements, is included in the statement of comprehensive income as part of the net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives. Interest income for distribution purposes from investments in bonds and short-term investments represents the coupon interest received by the ETF accounted for on an accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Distribution income from investments in other funds or ETFs is recognized when earned.

Income from derivatives is shown in the statement of comprehensive income as net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives; net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives; and, interest income for distribution purposes, in accordance with its nature.

Income from securities lending, if any, is included in “Securities lending income” on the statement of comprehensive income and is recognized when earned. Any securities on loan continue to be displayed in the schedule of investments and the market value of the securities loaned and collateral held is determined daily (see note 7).

If the ETF incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains, such income and gains are recorded on a gross basis and the related withholding taxes are shown as a separate expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

**(c) Foreign currency**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the ETF’s reporting currency using the exchange rate prevailing on the trade date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented as “Net realized gain (loss) on foreign exchange”, except for those arising from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, which are recognized as a component within “Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives” and “Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives” in the statement of comprehensive income.

**(d) Cost basis**

The cost of portfolio investments is determined on an average cost basis.

**(e) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit**

The increase (decrease) in net assets per unit in the statement of comprehensive income represents the change in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations divided by the weighted average number of units of the ETF outstanding during the reporting year.

**(f) Unitholder transactions**

The value at which units are issued or redeemed is determined by dividing the net asset value of the ETF by the total number of units outstanding of the ETF on the applicable Valuation Date. Amounts received on the issuance of units and amounts paid on the redemption of units are included in the statement of changes in financial position. Orders for subscriptions or redemptions are only permissible on valid trading days, as defined in the ETF’s prospectus.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

**(g) Amounts receivable (payable) relating to portfolio assets sold (purchased)**

In accordance with the ETF's policy of trade date accounting for sale and purchase transactions, sales/purchase transactions awaiting settlement represent amounts receivable/payable for securities sold/purchased, but not yet settled as at the reporting date.

**(h) Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit**

Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit is calculated by dividing the ETF's net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units by the number of units of the ETF outstanding on the Valuation Date.

**(i) Transaction costs**

Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of an investment, which include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and any applicable transfer taxes and duties. Transaction costs are expensed and are included in "Transaction costs" in the statement of comprehensive income.

**(j) Future changes in accounting policies**

IFRS 7 and IFRS 9 will have amendments that will apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. The amendments relate to settling financial liabilities using an electronic payment system and assessing contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets, including those with Environmental, Social, and Governance linked features. There are additional amended disclosure requirements related to financial instruments with contingent features.

IFRS 18 will replace IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and will apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. IFRS 18 introduces new required categories and subtotals in the statement of comprehensive income and enhances the presentation of management-defined performance measures to be disclosed in a single note. It also requires entities to use the operating profit subtotal as the starting point for the statement of cash flows when presenting operating cash flows under the indirect method. This change will impact the structure of the ETF's statement of comprehensive income, the statement of cash flows and additional required disclosures.

The ETF is in the process of assessing the impact of the amended and new accounting standards to the financial statements.

**4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS**

In preparing these financial statements, the Manager has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

The ETF may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets, including derivatives. The determination of the fair value of these instruments is the area with the most significant accounting judgements and estimates that the ETF has made in preparing the financial statements. See note 6 for more information on the fair value measurement of the ETF's financial instruments.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

**5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK**

In the normal course of business, the ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. The Manager seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks for the ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by daily monitoring of the ETF's positions and market events, and periodically may use derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, the Manager maintains a governance structure that oversees the ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's stated investment strategies, internal guidelines and securities regulations.

Significant financial instrument risks that are relevant to the ETF, and analysis thereof, are presented below.

**(a) Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads (not relating to changes in the obligor's/issuer's credit standing) will affect the ETF's income or the fair value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

**(i) Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated in currencies other than the ETF's reporting currency, the Canadian dollar, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates and adversely impact the ETF's income, cash flows or fair values of its investment holdings. The ETF may reduce its foreign currency exposure through the use of derivative arrangements such as foreign exchange forward contracts or futures contracts. As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF did not have any material net exposure to foreign currencies due to the ETF's hedging strategies.

**(ii) Interest rate risk**

The ETF may be exposed to the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of its financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. In general, the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will rise if interest rates fall, and conversely, will generally fall if interest rates rise. There is minimal sensitivity to interest rate fluctuation on cash and cash equivalents invested at short-term market rates since those securities are usually held to maturity and are short term in nature.

As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF did not hold any long-term debt instruments and did not have any exposure to interest rate risk.

**(iii) Other market risk**

Other market risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. The Manager has implemented internal risk management controls on the ETF which are intended to limit the loss on its trading activities.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

The table below shows the estimated impact on the ETF of a 1% increase or decrease in a broad-based market index, based on historical correlation, with all other factors remaining constant, as at the dates shown. In practice, actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material. The historical correlation may not be representative of future correlation.

Comparative Index	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
S&P/TSX Composite Index™	\$1,112,295	\$1,515,173

**(b) Credit risk**

Credit risk on financial instruments is the risk of a financial loss occurring as a result of the default of a counterparty on its obligation to the ETF. It arises principally from debt securities held, and also from derivative financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, and other receivables. The ETF's maximum credit risk exposure as at the reporting date is represented by the respective carrying amounts of the financial assets in the statement of financial position. The ETF's credit risk policy is to minimize its exposure to counterparties with perceived higher risk of default by dealing only with counterparties that meet the credit standards set out in the ETF's prospectus and, when necessary, receiving acceptable collateral.

As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, due to the nature of its portfolio investments, the ETF did not have any material credit risk exposure.

**(c) Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the ETF will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The ETF's policy and the Investment Manager's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stress conditions, including estimated redemptions of shares, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the ETF's reputation. Generally, liabilities of the ETF are due within 90 days except for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, which are due on demand. Liquidity risk is managed by investing the majority of the ETF's assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. The ETF aims to retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain liquidity; therefore, the liquidity risk for the ETF is considered minimal.

**6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT**

Below is a classification of fair value measurements of the ETF's investments based on a three level fair value hierarchy and a reconciliation of transactions and transfers within that hierarchy. The hierarchy of fair valuation inputs is summarized as follows:

- Level 1: securities that are valued based on quoted prices in active markets.
- Level 2: securities that are valued based on inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, either directly as prices, or indirectly as derived from prices.
- Level 3: securities that are valued with significant unobservable market data.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into or out of an investment's assigned level. The following is a summary of the inputs used as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, in valuing the ETF's investments and derivatives carried at fair values:

	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)
<b>Financial Assets</b>						
Exchange Traded Funds	147,387,739	–	–	207,935,569	–	–
Currency Forward Contracts	–	1,482,475	–	–	52,487	–
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>147,387,739</b>	<b>1,482,475</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>207,935,569</b>	<b>52,487</b>	<b>–</b>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>						
Currency Forward Contracts	–	(60,071)	–	–	(3,656,868)	–
<b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(60,071)</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(3,656,868)</b>	<b>–</b>
<b>Net Financial Assets and Liabilities</b>	<b>147,387,739</b>	<b>1,422,404</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>207,935,569</b>	<b>(3,604,381)</b>	<b>–</b>

There were no significant transfers made between Levels 1 and 2 as a result of changes in the availability of quoted market prices or observable market inputs during the years shown. In addition, there were no investments or transactions classified in Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

**7. SECURITIES LENDING**

In order to generate additional returns, the ETF is authorized to enter into securities lending agreements with borrowers deemed acceptable in accordance with National Instrument 81-102 – *Investment Funds* (“NI 81-102”). Under a securities lending agreement, the borrower must pay the ETF a negotiated securities lending fee, provide compensation to the ETF equal to any distributions received by the borrower on the securities borrowed, and the ETF must receive an acceptable form of collateral in excess of the value of the securities loaned. Although such collateral is marked to market, the ETF may be exposed to the risk of loss should a borrower default on its obligations to return the borrowed securities and the collateral is insufficient to reconstitute the portfolio of loaned securities. Revenue, if any, earned on securities lending transactions during the year is disclosed in the ETF's statement of comprehensive income.

The aggregate closing market value of securities loaned and collateral received as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, was as follows:

As at	Securities Loaned	Collateral Received
December 31, 2025	\$61,047,862	\$61,146,129
December 31, 2024	\$8,366,901	\$8,466,681

Collateral may comprise, but is not limited to, cash and obligations of or guaranteed by the Government of Canada or a province thereof; by the United States government or its agencies; by some sovereign states; by permitted supranational agencies; and short-term debt of Canadian financial institutions, if, in each case, the evidence of indebtedness has a designated rating as defined by NI 81-102.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

The table below presents a reconciliation of the securities lending income as presented in the statement of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. It shows the gross amount of securities lending revenues generated from the securities lending transactions of the ETF, less any taxes withheld and amounts earned by parties entitled to receive payments out of the gross amount as part of any securities lending agreements.

For the years ended	December 31, 2025	% of Gross Income	December 31, 2024	% of Gross Income
Gross securities lending income	\$54,642		\$40,039	
Withholding taxes	–	–	(3)	0.01%
Lending Agents' fees:				
The Bank of New York Mellon	(27,321)	50.00%	(11,927)	29.79%
<b>Net securities lending income paid to the ETF</b>	<b>\$27,321</b>	<b>50.00%</b>	<b>\$28,109</b>	<b>70.20%</b>

**8. REDEEMABLE UNITS**

The ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable, transferable Class E units each of which represents an equal, undivided interest in the net assets of the ETF. Each unit entitles the owner to one vote at meetings of unitholders. Each unit is entitled to participate equally with all other units with respect to all payments made to unitholders, other than management fee distributions, whether by way of income or capital distributions and, on liquidation, to participate equally in the net assets of the ETF remaining after satisfaction of any outstanding liabilities that are attributable to units of that class of the ETF. All units will be fully paid and non-assessable, with no liability for future assessments, when issued and will not be transferable except by operation of law.

The redeemable units issued by the ETF provide an investor with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the investor's share in the ETF's net assets at each redemption date. They are classified as liabilities as a result of the ETF's requirement to distribute net income and capital gains to unitholders. The ETF's objectives in managing the redeemable units are to meet the ETF's investment objective, and to manage liquidity risk arising from redemptions. The ETF's management of liquidity risk arising from redeemable units is discussed in note 5.

On any valid trading day, as defined in the ETF's prospectus, unitholders of the ETF may (i) redeem units of the ETF for cash at a redemption price per unit equal to 95% of the closing price for units of the ETF on the TSX on the effective day of the redemption, where the units being redeemed are not equal to a prescribed number of units ("PNU") or a multiple PNU; or (ii) redeem, less any applicable redemption charge as determined by the Manager in its sole discretion from time to time, a PNU or a multiple PNU of the ETF for cash equal to the net asset value of that number of units.

Units of the ETF are issued or redeemed on a daily basis at the net asset value per security that is determined as at 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Time) each business day. Purchase and redemption orders are subject to a 9:30 a.m. (Eastern Time) cut-off time.

The ETF is required to distribute any net income and capital gains that it has earned in the period. Income earned by the ETF is distributed to unitholders at least once per year, if necessary, and these distributions are either paid in cash or reinvested by unitholders into additional units of the ETF. Net realized capital gains, if any, are typically distributed in December of each year to unitholders. The annual capital gains distributions are not paid in cash but rather, are reinvested and reported as taxable distributions and used to increase each unitholder's adjusted cost base for the ETF. Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units are recognized in the statement of changes in financial position.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the number of units issued by subscription and/or distribution reinvestment, the number of units redeemed, the total and average number of units outstanding was as follows:

Year	Beginning Units Outstanding	Units Issued	Units Redeemed	Ending Units Outstanding	Average Units Outstanding
2025	6,667,547	75,000	(2,175,000)	4,567,547	5,939,739
2024	6,667,547	725,000	(725,000)	6,667,547	7,003,476

**9. EXPENSES**

**Management fees**

The Manager provides, or oversees the provision of, administrative services required by the ETF including, but not limited to: negotiating contracts with certain third-party service providers, such as portfolio managers, custodians, registrars, transfer agents, auditors and printers; authorizing the payment of operating expenses incurred on behalf of the ETF; arranging for the maintenance of accounting records for the ETF; preparing reports to unitholders and to the applicable securities regulatory authorities; calculating the amount and determining the frequency of distributions by the ETF; preparing financial statements, income tax returns and financial and accounting information as required by the ETF; ensuring that unitholders are provided with financial statements and other reports as are required from time to time by applicable law; ensuring that the ETF complies with all other regulatory requirements, including the continuous disclosure obligations of the ETF under applicable securities laws; administering purchases, redemptions and other transactions in units of the ETF; and dealing and communicating with unitholders of the ETF. The Manager provides office facilities and personnel to carry out these services, if not otherwise furnished by any other service provider to the ETF. The Manager also monitors the investment strategies of the ETF to ensure that the ETF complies with its investment objectives, investment strategies and investment restrictions and practices.

In consideration for the provision of these services, the Manager receives a monthly management fee at the annual rate of 0.75%, plus applicable sales taxes, of the net asset value of the ETF's units, calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly in arrears. Any expenses of the ETF which are waived or absorbed by the Manager are paid out of the management fees received by the Manager.

**Other expenses**

Unless otherwise waived or reimbursed by the Manager, the ETF pays all of its operating expenses, including but not limited to: audit fees; trustee and custodial expenses; valuation, accounting and record keeping costs; legal expenses; permitted prospectus preparation and filing expenses; costs associated with delivering documents to unitholders; listing and annual stock exchange fees; index licensing fees, if applicable; fees payable to CDS Clearing and Depository Services Inc.; bank related fees and interest charges; extraordinary expenses; unitholder reports and servicing costs; registrar and transfer agent fees; costs associated with the Independent Review Committee; income taxes; sales taxes; brokerage expenses and commissions; withholding taxes; and fees payable to service providers in connection with regulatory compliance and tax matters in foreign jurisdictions.

The Manager, at its discretion, may waive and/or absorb a portion of the fees and/or expenses otherwise payable by the ETF. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at the discretion of the Manager.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

**Performance fees**

The ETF will pay to the Manager a performance fee (the “Performance Fee”), if any, equal to 20% of the amount by which the performance of the ETF at any date on which the fee is payable (i) exceeds the High Water Mark (as defined in the ETF’s prospectus) and (ii) is greater than an annualized return of five percent (5%). The Performance Fee will be determined in accordance with the definitions and the formula outlined in the prospectus and shall be calculated and accrued daily on each class of units.

The Performance Fee shall be calculated and accrued daily and shall be payable at least quarterly in arrears on dates determined by the Manager, together with applicable taxes. The ETF accrued \$nil in performance fees for the year ended December 31, 2025 (2024 – \$4,057,020) and is disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income. Performance fees payable to the Manager as at December 31, 2025, were \$nil (December 31, 2024 - \$nil) and is included in accrued operating expenses on the statement of financial position, where applicable.

**10. BROKER COMMISSIONS, SOFT DOLLARS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Brokerage commissions paid on securities transactions may include amounts paid to related parties of the Manager for brokerage services provided to the ETF.

Research and system usage related services received in return for commissions generated with specific dealers are generally referred to as soft dollars.

Brokerage commissions paid to dealers in connection with investment portfolio transactions, soft dollar transactions incurred and amounts paid to related parties of the Manager, if any, for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, were as follows:

Year Ended	Brokerage Commissions Paid	Soft Dollar Transactions	Amount Paid to Related Parties
December 31, 2025	\$366,744	\$64,351	\$nil
December 31, 2024	\$414,373	\$58,306	\$nil

In addition to the information contained in the table above, the management fees paid to the Manager described in note 9 are related party transactions, as the Manager is considered to be a related party to the ETF. Fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are also considered to be related party transactions. Both the management fees and fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income. The management fees payable by the ETF as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 are disclosed in the statement of financial position.

The ETF may invest in other ETFs managed by the Manager or its affiliates, in accordance with the ETF’s investment objectives and strategies. Such investments, if any, are disclosed in the schedule of investments.

**11. INCOME TAX**

The ETF has qualified as a mutual fund trust under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the “Tax Act”) and accordingly, is not taxed on the portion of taxable income that is paid or allocated to unitholders. As a result, the Manager has determined that the ETF is in substance not taxable and therefore does not record income taxes in the statement of comprehensive income nor does it recognize any deferred tax assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position. As well, tax refunds (based on redemptions and realized and unrealized gains during the year) may be available that would make it possible to retain some net capital gains in the ETF without incurring any income taxes.

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

The ETF may be subject to taxes levied by certain countries on foreign investment income and capital gains. These taxes may be withheld at source or estimated using the most likely method in measuring uncertain tax liabilities in respect of foreign capital gains taxes. Such income and capital gains are recorded on a gross basis with the related foreign withholding tax, or estimate of capital gains taxes, shown as expense in the statement of comprehensive income, and the tax liability amounts included in accrued liabilities in the statement of financial position. The estimate could materially differ from the actual tax payable to the foreign jurisdiction.

As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF did not have any tax liabilities.

**12. TAX LOSSES CARRIED FORWARD**

Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against capital gains realized in future years. Non-capital losses carried forward may be applied against future years' taxable income. Non-capital losses that are realized in the current taxation year may be carried forward for 20 years. As at December 31, 2025, the ETF had no capital or non-capital losses available.

**13. OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

In the normal course of business, the ETF may enter into various master netting arrangements or other similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the statement of financial position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. The following table shows financial instruments that may be eligible for offset, if such conditions were to arise, as at December 31, 2025 and 2024. The "Net" column displays what the net impact would be on the ETF's statements of financial position if all amounts were set-off.

Financial Assets and Liabilities as at December 31, 2025	Amounts Offset (\$)			Amounts Not Offset (\$)		Net (\$)
	Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Gross Assets (Liabilities) Offset	Net Amounts	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Derivative assets	1,482,475	–	1,482,475	(60,071)	–	1,422,404
Derivative liabilities	(60,071)	–	(60,071)	60,071	–	–

Financial Assets and Liabilities as at December 31, 2024	Amounts Offset (\$)			Amounts Not Offset (\$)		Net (\$)
	Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Gross Assets (Liabilities) Offset	Net Amounts	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Derivative assets	52,487	–	52,487	(52,487)	–	–
Derivative liabilities	(3,656,868)	–	(3,656,868)	52,487	–	(3,604,381)

**14. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND UNCONSOLIDATED STRUCTURED ENTITIES**

The ETF may invest in units of other ETFs as part of its investment strategies ("Investee ETF(s)"). The nature and purpose of these Investee ETFs generally, is to manage assets on behalf of third party investors in accordance with their investment objectives, and are financed through the issue of units to investors.

In determining whether the ETF has control or significant influence over an Investee ETF, the ETF assesses voting rights, the exposure to variable returns, and its ability to use the voting rights to affect the amount of the returns. In instances where the ETF has control or has significant influence over an Investee ETF, the ETF qualifies as an investment entity under IFRS 10 - *Consolidated Financial Statements*,

**Notes to Financial Statements** (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

and therefore accounts for investments it controls or has significant influence at fair value through profit and loss. The ETF's primary purpose is defined by its investment objectives and uses the investment strategies available to it as defined in the ETF's prospectus to meet those objectives. The ETF also measures and evaluates the performance of any Investee ETFs on a fair value basis.

Investee ETFs over which the ETF has control or significant influence are categorized as subsidiaries and associates, respectively. All other Investee ETFs are categorized as unconsolidated structured entities. Investee ETFs may be managed by the Manager, its affiliates, or by third-party managers. The ETF does not provide financial support to its unconsolidated structured entities or subsidiaries and has no intention of providing financial or other support.

Investments in Investee ETFs are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainty about future values of those Investee ETFs. The maximum exposure to loss from interests in Investee ETFs is equal to the total fair value of the investment in those respective Investee ETFs at any given point in time. The fair value of Investee ETFs, if any, are disclosed in investments in the statement of financial position and listed in the schedule of investments. As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF had material investments in the subsidiaries (Sub), associates (Assc) and unconsolidated structured entities (SE) listed below:

Investee ETF as at December 31, 2025	Place of Business	Type	Ownership %	Carrying Amount
Global X S&P/TSX 60 Index ETF	Canada	SE	5.03%	\$28,717,867
SPDR Dow Jones Industrial Average ETF Trust	U.S.	SE	0.05%	\$27,854,517
State Street® Industrial Select Sector SPDR® ETF	U.S.	SE	0.05%	\$18,679,941
Global X Russell 2000 Index ETF	Canada	Assc	35.71%	\$17,058,631
State Street® Materials Select Sector SPDR® ETF	U.S.	SE	0.16%	\$11,875,248
SPDR® Gold Shares	U.S.	SE	0.01%	\$11,471,473
State Street® Financial Select Sector SPDR® ETF	U.S.	SE	0.01%	\$7,089,112
iShares Silver Trust	U.S.	SE	0.01%	\$4,973,406
Global X Equal Weight US Banks Index ETF	Canada	Assc	41.03%	\$4,809,830
Global X Gold Producers Index ETF	Canada	SE	1.97%	\$4,758,008
Global X Gold ETF	Canada	SE	7.84%	\$4,461,496
Global X Defence Tech Index ETF	Canada	SE	1.96%	\$2,925,687
Global X Equal Weight Canadian Banks Index ETF	Canada	SE	0.26%	\$2,712,524

Investee ETF as at December 31, 2024	Place of Business	Type	Ownership %	Carrying Amount
Global X S&P 500 Index ETF	Canada	SE	12.23%	\$70,837,536
Global X S&P/TSX 60 Index ETF	Canada	Assc	25.45%	\$38,850,000
Global X NASDAQ-100 Index ETF	Canada	SE	7.62%	\$26,520,000
Global X Gold ETF	Canada	Assc	49.33%	\$20,064,450
Technology Select Sector SPDR Fund	U.S.	SE	0.02%	\$18,205,828
iShares Russell 2000 ETF	U.S.	SE	0.01%	\$10,640,235

—  
GLOBAL X INVESTMENTS CANADA INC.  
55 UNIVERSITY AVENUE, SUITE 800 |  
TORONTO, ON M5J 2H7

—  
1-866-641-5739 OR  
(416) 933-5745  
INFO@GLOBALX.CA

**GLOBAL X**  
by Mirae Asset