

GLOBAL X

by Mirae Asset

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GLOBAL X ACTIVE GLOBAL FIXED INCOME ETF (HAF:TSX)

ANNUAL REPORT | DECEMBER 31, 2025

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A Message from the CEO

As we mark the end of 2025, I am proud to reflect on the growth we continue to achieve as a company and for our clients, through the innovative investment solutions we manage for Canadians.

In May, we marked the first anniversary of our successful rebrand from Horizons ETFs into Global X Investments Canada Inc. (“**Global X**”).

With investors like you in mind, our decision to rebrand was rooted in a desire to offer Canadians the best of both worlds: the strength, extended reach and global network of experts that come with the internationally recognized Global X brand, alongside the continued local expertise and support we offer for navigating the Canadian investment landscape.

As part of the Global X platform, we are part of something bigger: more than \$200 billion in ETF assets under management worldwide, backed by our parent company, Mirae Asset, which manages more than \$1 trillion in assets across 19 countries and global markets around the world.

Through it all, we remain committed to helping Canadians navigate and harness the emerging trends that shape markets and offering investment solutions and client experiences that are designed to be informative and relevant.

I am proud to highlight other successes that Global X has achieved so far this year, within our business and for our investors.

In June, Global X was recognized as the ETF Provider of the Year at the 2025 Wealth Professional Awards. This marks the second year in a row that we’ve earned this industry achievement. The award recognizes the outstanding asset management firm that specializes in exchange-traded funds (ETFs), which consistently delivers superior advisor service while pushing the boundaries with innovation and industry best practices over the last 12 months. This recognition reflects our commitment to delivering high-quality investment solutions and underscores Global X’s position as a Canadian ETF industry leader.

In 2025, we launched 30 ETFs that have offered Canadians new and innovative ways to access exposure to some of the most in-demand asset classes, strategies and commodities in today’s markets.

In February, we launched the Global X Artificial Intelligence Infrastructure Index ETF (“**MTRX**”) to offer Canadians a foundational way to access the broader infrastructure and service providers set to benefit from exponential AI expansion. MTRX offers foundational exposure to the commodity and energy suppliers, as well as data center operators, which are critical to support the growing demand for AI applications.

In April, we launched eleven more ETFs across multiple product lines, including thematic index ETFs, covered call ETFs, and our enhanced covered call ETF suite. Market dynamics, driven by economic and geopolitical events, have propelled popularity and inflows into many of these new ETFs, including the Global X Defence Tech Index ETF (“**SHLD**”), the Global X Bitcoin Covered Call ETF (“**BCCC**”) and the Global X Enhanced Gold Producer Equity Covered Call ETF (“**GLCL**”).

In the final months of 2025, we kept the momentum going by launching five more ETFs, including the Global X Silver Covered Call ETF (“**AGCC**”) and the Global X Copper Producer Equity Covered Call ETF (“**CPCC**”) – the world’s first copper covered call ETF. Other notable launches include our Global X China Hang Seng TECH Index ETF (“**CHQQ**”), which offers investors the potential to capture the global technology opportunity that is unfolding rapidly in China. We also expanded our fixed income lineup with the launch of the Global X 1-3 Year U.S. Treasury Bond Index ETF (“**TSTX**”) and the Global X 20+ Year U.S. Treasury Bond Index ETF (“**TLTX**”) to deliver U.S. Treasury exposure through products designed for Canadian investors.

At Global X, we embrace innovation in everything that we do. From our roots as one of Canada’s first ETF providers to our proud legacy of launching first-of-their-kind investment products, we are driven by boldness, vision, and a commitment to exceptional quality and client experience.

Under our Global X brand, our motto is “Innovation meets Investing”. We are committed to being there, alongside you, to help you explore a world of investment possibilities and global opportunities.

Thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely,



Rohit Mehta

President & CEO of Global X Investments Canada Inc.

MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

This annual management report of fund performance for Global X Active Global Fixed Income ETF (“HAF” or the “ETF”) contains financial highlights and is included with the audited annual financial statements for the investment fund. You may request a copy of the ETF’s unaudited interim or audited annual financial statements, interim or annual management report of fund performance, current proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record, or quarterly portfolio disclosures, at no cost, from the ETF’s manager, Global X Investments Canada Inc. (“Global X” or the “Manager”), by calling toll free 1-866-641-5739, or locally (416) 933-5745, by writing to us at: 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto ON, M5J 2H7, or by visiting our website at www.globalx.ca or SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

This document may contain forward-looking statements relating to anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance, or expectations that are not historical facts but instead represent our beliefs regarding future events. By their nature, forward-looking statements require us to make assumptions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. There is significant risk that predictions and other forward-looking statements will not prove to be accurate. We caution readers of this document not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements as a number of factors could cause actual future results, conditions, actions or events to differ materially from the targets, expectations, estimates or intentions expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements.

Actual results may differ materially from management expectations as projected in such forward-looking statements for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to market and general economic conditions, interest rates, regulatory and statutory developments, the effects of competition in the geographic and business areas in which the ETF may invest and the risks detailed from time to time in the ETF’s prospectus. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors. We caution that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive, and that when relying on forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to investing in the ETF, investors and others should carefully consider these factors, as well as other uncertainties and potential events, and the inherent uncertainty of forward-looking statements. Due to the potential impact of these factors, the Manager does not undertake, and specifically disclaims, any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required by applicable law.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance

Investment Objective and Strategies

The investment objective of HAF is to seek to provide Unitholders with: (i) a stable stream of monthly distributions; and (ii) the opportunity for capital appreciation through a tactical asset allocation strategy that includes managing the duration and yield of its exposure to debt (including debt-like securities) according to the prevailing interest rate environment.

The returns to HAF and its Unitholders are based on the return of the debt (including debt-like investments) held directly or indirectly by HAF.

HAF employs a strategy which seeks to optimize tactical asset allocation among debt (including debt-like asset classes) and uses fundamental credit research to select issuers that, based on the views of the ETF’s Sub-Advisor, Fiera Capital Corporation (“Fiera” or the “Sub-Advisor”), are believed to offer attractive risk adjusted returns. In order to maximize risk-adjusted returns, HAF employs a tactical asset allocation investment strategy that will use debt (including debt-like securities), as well as potentially Listed Funds, to provide exposure primarily to the returns of North American companies and foreign governments.

HAF may be exposed to exchange traded funds as well as debt (including debt-like securities) that provide exposure to global fixed income markets, which may include Canadian and foreign government bonds, investment grade and high-yield debt securities of North American companies, preferred shares (including securities convertible into preferred shares) as well as government treasury securities.

HAF is sub-advised by its Sub-Advisor’s asset allocation team. The Sub-Advisor is a leading portfolio management firm in Canada and provides investment solutions to institutional clients and acts as sub-advisor for mutual funds and private wealth portfolios.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

HAF's Sub-Advisor weights the investment portfolio of HAF amongst debt (including debt-like asset classes) based on its tactical asset allocation process, its analysis of sentiment indicators and its prevailing economic views. The Sub-Advisor's tactical asset allocation process employs a combination of fundamental economic and market research, including economic cycle and interest rate analysis. The duration, credit exposure, portfolio yield and market risk of the portfolio will be actively managed to capitalize on the Sub-Advisor's assessment of future interest rates and credit trends in order to establish an optimal risk/reward profile for HAF.

The investment portfolio of HAF may include the Leveraged ETFs. In accordance with exemptive relief obtained from the Canadian Securities Regulatory Authorities which allows HAF to invest up to 10% of its net assets in units of the Leveraged ETFs, HAF will not invest more than 10% of its net assets in units of the Leveraged ETFs that use financial instruments that correlate to the performance of a "permitted index", as defined in National Instrument 81-102 ("NI 81-102").

HAF may from time to time use derivative instruments, including futures contracts and credit default swaps, to manage duration, credit exposure, portfolio yield, and market risk.

Many of the securities in which HAF directly or indirectly invests may be denominated in a currency other than the Canadian dollar. In some cases, the currency in which HAF trades may also be different than the currency of the bonds in which it invests. Where the Sub-Advisor determines that it would be in the best interest of HAF to do so, the Sub-Advisor will use derivatives to hedge the value of the portfolio of HAF denominated in foreign currency back to the Canadian dollar. The amount hedged is expected to vary from time to time.

Please refer to the ETF's most recent prospectus for a complete description of HAF's investment restrictions.

Risk

The Manager performs a review of the ETF's risk rating at least annually, as well as when there is a material change in the ETF's investment objective or investment strategies. During the period, there were no changes to the ETF that materially affected the overall risk level associated with an investment in the ETF. The current risk rating for the ETF is: low.

Risk ratings are determined based on the historical volatility of the ETF as measured by the standard deviation of its performance against its mean. The risk categorization of the ETF may change over time and historical volatility is not indicative of future volatility. Generally, a risk rating is assigned to the ETF based on a rolling 10-year standard deviation of its returns, the return of an underlying index, or of an applicable proxy. In cases where the Manager believes that this methodology produces a result that is not indicative of the ETF's future volatility, the risk rating may be determined by the ETF's category. Risk ratings are not intended for use as a substitute for undertaking a proper and complete suitability or financial assessment by an investment advisor.

The risks and the full description of each risk to which an investment in the ETF is subject are disclosed in the ETF's most recent prospectus. The most recent prospectus is available at www.globalx.ca or from www.sedarplus.ca, or by contacting Global X Investments Canada Inc. directly via the contact information on the back page of this document.

Prospective investors should read the ETF's most recent prospectus and consider the full description of the risks contained therein before purchasing units.

Results of Operations

For the year ended December 31, 2025, units of the ETF returned 2.70% when including distributions paid to unitholders. By comparison, a composite index comprised of two-thirds of the ICE Bank of America Merrill Lynch Canada Corporate Bond Index (the "Corporate Bond Index") and one-third of the Barclays Capital US High Yield Very Liquid Index (the "High Yield Index") posted a return of 5.82% for the same period.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

The Corporate Bond Index tracks the performance of Canadian dollar-denominated, investment-grade corporate, securitized and collateralized debt publicly issued in the Canadian domestic market.

The High Yield Index is designed to track the more liquid components of the U.S. dollar-denominated, high-yield, fixed rate corporate bond market. Securities are classified as high yield if the middle rating of Moody's, Fitch and S&P are Ba1/ BB+/BB+ or below. Bonds from issuers with an emerging markets country of risk are excluded.

General Market Review

The year 2025 was marked by remarkable resilience across global financial markets, despite navigating a complex macroeconomic landscape defined by fluctuating geopolitical tensions, shifting central bank policies, and pockets of economic softness. Supported by synchronized monetary easing and a broad improvement in global risk sentiment, markets closed the year on a strong footing, with risk assets outperforming expectations.

Throughout 2025, central banks played a decisive role in shaping market tone. Both the Federal Reserve and the Bank of Canada (the "BoC") adopted incrementally more accommodative stances as signs of slowing economic momentum accumulated. The year began amid policy and trade uncertainty—particularly following tariff announcements in early April—but sentiment improved materially as policymakers stepped back from more aggressive positions and rate-cut expectations solidified.

Yield curves steepened across major economies. In Canada, the 2-year yield declined 34 basis points over the year, while the 10-year yield rose 21 basis points. In the U.S., the 2-year Treasury yield fell 77 basis points, and the 10-year declined 40 basis points, reflecting shifting growth expectations and robust demand for duration.

By the fourth quarter, the policy narrative was dominated by the prospect of further adjustments in early 2026, helping maintain a risk-on backdrop even as mixed economic data and geopolitical developments added periodic volatility.

Rates markets delivered mixed performance across regions:

European sovereigns and UK Gilts consistently lagged U.S. Treasuries as weak regional growth and cautious central bank communication weighed on sentiment.

Japan's yield curve continued to steepen, with long-end yields volatile due to soft auction dynamics and persistent fiscal concerns. These themes repeated throughout the year and intensified into the fourth quarter.

Credit markets were broadly constructive throughout 2025. A combination of stable corporate fundamentals, supportive monetary policy, and steady demand drove spread tightening across Investment Grade and High Yield markets. Although certain high-yield sectors—such as energy—experienced episodic widening earlier in the year, the overall tone remained firm, with spreads compressing further into year-end.

Portfolio Review

In a challenging and uneven global macro environment, the strategy delivered a mixed yet resilient performance in 2025, supported by active duration management, selective sector allocation, and disciplined credit positioning. While performance varied across quarters, the portfolio demonstrated its ability to navigate shifting growth and policy dynamics, ultimately closing the year with a slight underperformance versus the Index.

The primary driver of performance over the year was active duration positioning, particularly through long exposures in U.S. dollars, sterling, and Mexican peso, which benefited as growth momentum softened and markets increasingly priced in central bank easing. Curve positioning, including strategies favouring steeper yield curves, also contributed positively during periods of rate volatility.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

Sector allocation was another important source of value. Exposure to hard currency emerging markets, notably Colombia and Mexico, added meaningfully to returns as credit spreads tightened on improving economic fundamentals and post-event normalization. Select exposure to high yield also contributed positively over the course of the year, supported by carry and improving sentiment in targeted sectors.

The strategy maintained a selective and defensive approach to credit, prioritizing carry while remaining cautious amid an environment of weaker growth and widening dispersion. While sector allocation added value overall, security selection detracted, primarily due to exposure to the industrial petrochemical sector, which experienced persistent credit widening amid a prolonged low cycle. This exposure weighed on results during the year, although the team continues to see potential for recovery over the medium term.

Within investment grade, the portfolio favoured defensive sectors, while also identifying attractive opportunities in securitization, particularly in data centre- and fibre-related assets. High yield exposure remained selective, concentrated in communications, industrial, and defence issuers, where relative value was most compelling.

Regional positioning was actively adjusted throughout the year. In Japan, the strategy transitioned from a long-standing short-duration stance to adding duration exposure as the steepness of the long end of the yield curve became more attractive, ending the year with a neutral position. This flexibility reflected the team's willingness to adapt as structural dynamics evolved.

Outlook

In a macroeconomic environment where the Sub-Advisor sees some weakness in employment reports, this has usually led to a challenging economic outlook. The Sub-Advisor expects central banks in the U.S., U.K. and Latin America to lean toward the dovish side to defend their economy. On the other hand, the Sub-Advisor expects the European Central Bank and the BoC to remain on hold.

The global bond market offers a lot of opportunities, and the asset class is attractive considering higher rates globally. The Sub-Advisor expects economic softness in the coming quarters and prefers duration risk while being selective on credit risk. The Sub-Advisor also prefers to keep some dry powder to deploy when credit spreads are wider. Starting in the first quarter of 2026, the strategy is well positioned to encounter various market environments considering its strong yield carry protection provided by an overall investment grade profile and a diversified source of income.

Other Operating Items and Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the ETF generated gross comprehensive income (loss) from investments and derivatives (which includes changes in the fair value of the ETF's portfolio) of \$1,716,694. This compares to \$1,297,673 for the year ended December 31, 2024. The ETF incurred management, operating and transaction expenses of \$429,256 (2024 – \$325,319) of which \$39,259 (2024 – \$57,585) was either paid or absorbed by the Manager on behalf of the ETF. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at the discretion of the Manager.

The ETF distributed \$2,851,967 to unitholders during the year (2024 – \$1,962,222).

Presentation

The attached financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS"). Any mention of total net assets, net assets, net asset value or increase (decrease) in net assets in the financial statements and/or management report of fund performance is referring to net assets or increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as reported under IFRS.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

Recent Developments

There are no recent industry, management or ETF related developments that are pertinent to the present and future of the ETF.

Related Party Transactions

Certain services have been provided to the ETF by related parties and those relationships are described below.

Manager, Trustee and Investment Manager

The manager, trustee and investment manager of the ETF is Global X Investments Canada Inc., 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7, a corporation incorporated under the laws of Ontario.

If the ETF invests in other Global X ETFs, Global X may receive management fees in respect of the ETF's assets invested in such Global X ETFs. In addition, any management fees paid to the Manager (described in detail on page 12) are related party transactions, as the Manager is considered to be a related party to the ETF. Fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are also considered to be related party transactions. Both the management fees and fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income in the attached financial statements of the ETF. The management fees payable by the ETF as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 are disclosed in the statement of financial position.

Financial Highlights

The following tables show selected key financial information about the ETF and are intended to help you understand the ETF's financial performance for the past five fiscal years. This information is derived from the ETF's audited annual financial statements. Please see the front page for information on how you may obtain the ETF's annual financial statements.

The ETF's Net Assets per Unit

Year ⁽¹⁾	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ 7.08	7.25	6.94	7.66	7.67
Increase (decrease) from operations:					
Total revenue	0.38	0.41	0.40	0.34	0.22
Total expenses	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.05)
Realized gains (losses) for the year	0.09	(0.01)	(0.04)	(0.68)	(0.17)
Unrealized gains (losses) for the year	(0.25)	(0.14)	0.40	(0.10)	0.16
Total increase (decrease) from operations ⁽²⁾	0.17	0.21	0.72	(0.49)	0.16
Distributions:					
From net investment income (excluding dividends)	(0.32)	(0.35)	(0.35)	(0.30)	(0.13)
From dividends	–	–	–	–	(0.04)
From net realized capital gains	–	(0.04)	–	–	–
From return of capital	(0.03)	–	(0.04)	–	(0.01)
Total distributions ⁽³⁾	(0.35)	(0.39)	(0.39)	(0.30)	(0.18)
Net assets, end of year ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 6.92	7.08	7.25	6.94	7.66

1. This information is derived from the ETF's audited annual financial statements.

2. Net assets per unit and distributions are based on the actual number of units outstanding at the relevant time. The increase (decrease) from operations is based on the weighted average number of units outstanding over the financial period.

3. Income, dividend and/or return of capital distributions, if any, are paid in cash, reinvested in additional units of the ETF, or both. Capital gains distributions, if any, may or may not be paid in cash. Non-cash capital gains distributions are reinvested in additional units of the ETF and subsequently consolidated. They are reported as taxable distributions and increase each unitholder's adjusted cost base for their units. Neither the number of units held by the unitholder, nor the net asset per unit of the ETF change as a result of any non-cash capital gains distributions. Distributions classified as return of capital, if any, decrease each unitholder's adjusted cost base for their units. The characteristics of distributions, if any, are determined subsequent to the end of the ETF's tax year. Until such time, distributions are classified as from net investment income (excluding dividends) for reporting purposes.

4. The Financial Highlights are not intended to act as a continuity of the opening and closing net assets per unit.

Financial Highlights (continued)

Ratios and Supplemental Data

Year ⁽¹⁾	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Net asset value (000's)	\$ 65,025	42,926	30,084	22,652	32,438
Number of units outstanding (000's)	9,396	6,062	4,151	3,266	4,236
Management expense ratio ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾	0.59%	0.59%	0.57%	0.67%	0.72%
Management expense ratio excluding proportion of expenses from underlying investment funds	0.59%	0.59%	0.57%	0.56%	0.56%
Management expense ratio before waivers and absorptions ⁽³⁾	0.66%	0.75%	0.84%	0.97%	0.96%
Trading expense ratio ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	0.09%	0.07%	0.01%	0.06%	0.05%
Trading expense ratio excluding proportion of costs from underlying investment funds	0.09%	0.07%	0.01%	0.06%	0.04%
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁶⁾	296.47%	216.58%	280.37%	181.22%	79.08%
Net asset value per unit, end of year	\$ 6.92	7.08	7.25	6.94	7.66
Closing market price	\$ 6.94	7.09	7.24	6.92	7.67

1. This information is provided as at December 31 of the years shown.

2. Management expense ratio is based on total expenses, including sales tax, (excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs) for the stated period and is expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the year. Out of its management fees, and waivers and absorptions, as applicable, the Manager pays for such services to the ETF as investment manager compensation and marketing.

3. The Manager, at its discretion, may waive and/or absorb a portion of the fees and/or expenses otherwise payable by the ETF. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at the discretion of the Manager.

4. The trading expense ratio represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the period. Transaction costs related to the purchase and/or sale of fixed income securities are typically embedded in the price of those transactions and are therefore not included in the trading expense ratio.

5. The ETF's management expense ratio (MER) and trading expense ratio (TER) include an estimated proportion of the MER and TER for any underlying investment funds held in the ETF's portfolio during the year.

6. The ETF's portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively its portfolio investments are traded. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to the ETF buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the year. Generally, the higher the ETF's portfolio turnover rate in a year, the greater the trading costs payable by the ETF in the year, and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the year. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of the ETF.

Financial Highlights (continued)

Management Fees

The Manager provides, or oversees the provision of, administrative services required by the ETF including, but not limited to: negotiating contracts with certain third-party service providers, such as portfolio managers, custodians, registrars, transfer agents, auditors and printers; authorizing the payment of operating expenses incurred on behalf of the ETF; arranging for the maintenance of accounting records for the ETF; preparing reports to unitholders and to the applicable securities regulatory authorities; calculating the amount and determining the frequency of distributions by the ETF; preparing financial statements, income tax returns and financial and accounting information as required by the ETF; ensuring that unitholders are provided with financial statements and other reports as are required from time to time by applicable law; ensuring that the ETF complies with all other regulatory requirements, including the continuous disclosure obligations of the ETF under applicable securities laws; administering purchases, redemptions and other transactions in units of the ETF; and dealing and communicating with unitholders of the ETF. The Manager provides office facilities and personnel to carry out these services, if not otherwise furnished by any other service provider to the ETF. The Manager also monitors the investment strategies of the ETF to ensure that the ETF complies with its investment objectives, investment strategies and investment restrictions and practices.

In consideration for the provision of these services, the Manager receives a monthly management fee at the annual rate of 0.45%, plus applicable sales taxes, of the net asset value of the ETF's units, calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly in arrears.

The Sub-Advisor is compensated for its services out of the management fees without any further cost to the ETF. Any expenses of the ETF which are waived or absorbed by the Manager are paid out of the management fees received by the Manager.

The table below details, in percentage terms, the services received by the ETF from the Manager in consideration of the management fees paid during the year.

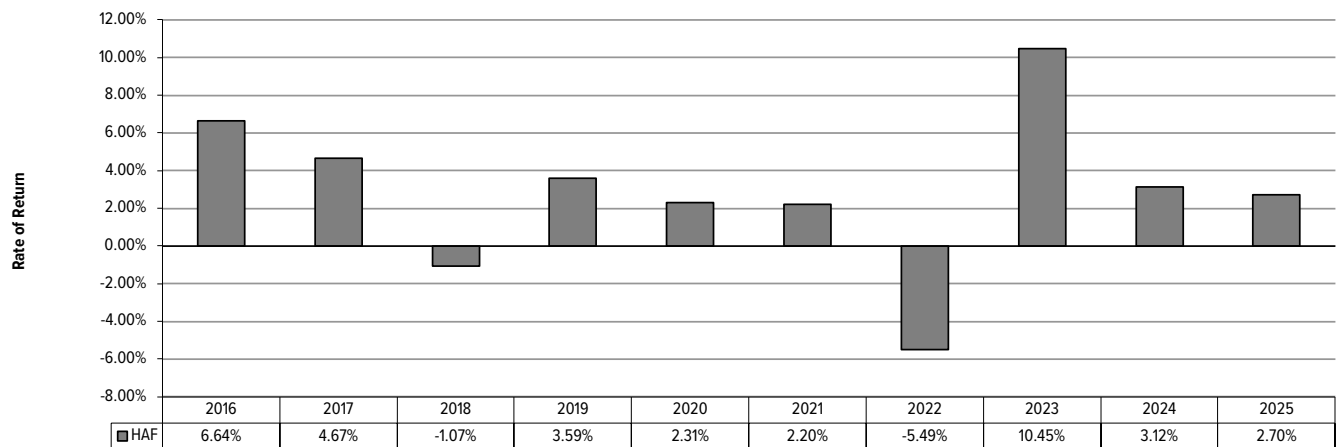
Marketing	Portfolio management fees, general administrative costs and profit	Waived/absorbed expenses of the ETF
9%	77%	14%

Past Performance

Commissions, management fees, expenses and applicable sales taxes all may be associated with an investment in the ETF. Please read the prospectus before investing. The indicated rates of return are the historical total returns including changes in unit value and reinvestment of all distributions, and do not take into account sales, redemptions, distributions or optional charges or income taxes payable by any investor that would have reduced returns. An investment in the ETF is not guaranteed. Its value changes frequently and past performance may not be repeated. The ETF's performance numbers assume that all distributions, if any, are reinvested in additional units of the ETF. If you hold this ETF outside of a registered plan, income and capital gains distributions that are paid to you increase your income for tax purposes whether paid to you in cash or reinvested in additional units. The amount of the reinvested taxable distributions is added to the adjusted cost base of the units that you own. This would decrease your capital gain or increase your capital loss when you later redeem from the ETF, thereby ensuring that you are not taxed on this amount again. Please consult your tax advisor regarding your personal tax situation.

Year-by-Year Returns

The following chart presents the ETF's performance for the periods shown, and illustrates how the performance has changed from period to period. In percentage terms, the chart shows how much an investment made on the first day of the financial period would have grown or decreased by the last day of the financial period.



The ETF effectively began operations on July 20, 2009.

Annual Compound Returns

The following table presents the ETF's annual compound total return since inception and for the periods shown ended December 31, 2025, along with a comparable market index. The table is used only to illustrate the effects of the compound growth rate and is not intended to reflect future values of the ETF or future returns on investments in the ETF.

	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	Since Inception
Global X Active Global Fixed Income ETF	2.70%	5.36%	2.47%	2.83%	2.10%
ICE BofA Merrill Lynch Canada Corporate Bond Index	4.33%	6.56%	1.43%	3.14%	4.16%
Barclays Capital US High Yield Very Liquid Index	8.79%	10.02%	4.17%	6.15%	7.32%
Composite Index	5.82%	7.71%	2.34%	4.14%	5.21%
Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index	8.17%	3.98%	-2.15%	1.27%	1.60%

The ETF effectively began operations on July 20, 2009.

Summary of Investment Portfolio

As at December 31, 2025

Asset Mix	Net Asset Value	% of ETF's Net Asset Value
Global Fixed Income Securities	\$ 30,475,670	46.87%
U.S. Fixed Income Securities	23,002,657	35.37%
Canadian Fixed Income Securities	4,724,615	7.27%
Supranational Securities	2,719,189	4.18%
Currency Forward Hedge*	137,507	0.21%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,473,219	5.34%
Other Assets less Liabilities	491,794	0.76%
	\$ 65,024,651	100.00%

Sector Mix	Net Asset Value	% of ETF's Net Asset Value
Government Bonds	40,098,436	61.66%
Corporate Bonds	20,226,443	31.11%
Asset-Backed Securities	597,252	0.92%
Currency Forward Hedge*	137,507	0.21%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,473,219	5.34%
Other Assets less Liabilities	491,794	0.76%
	\$ 65,024,651	100.00%

* Positions in forward contracts are disclosed as the gain/(loss) that would be realized if the contracts were closed out on the date of this report.

Summary of Investment Portfolio (continued)

As at December 31, 2025

Top 25 Holdings*	% of ETF's Net Asset Value
United States Treasury Bond	25.40%
United Kingdom Treasury Bond	7.77%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5.34%
Braskem Netherlands Finance BV	3.51%
Ecopetrol SA	3.42%
Federal Republic of Germany	3.28%
Kingdom of the Netherlands	3.05%
French Republic	2.93%
Kingdom of Spain	2.63%
United Mexican States	2.43%
Bellis Acquisition Co. PLC	2.17%
Government of Japan	1.64%
Rio Smart Lighting SARL	1.52%
Cloud Capital Holdco L.P.	1.49%
Telesat Canada / Telesat LLC	1.47%
Kingdom of Belgium	1.34%
Frontier Issuer LLC	1.29%
SA Global Sukuk Ltd.	1.24%
European Union	1.22%
Japan Expressway Holding and Debt Repayment Agency	1.21%
Compass Datacenters Issuer II LLC	1.12%
Corus Entertainment Inc.	1.10%
European Investment Bank	1.07%
Top Aces Inc.	1.04%
Directv Financing LLC	0.96%

* Note all of the Top 25 Holdings, excluding cash and cash equivalents, represent the aggregate preferred securities and/or debt instruments of that issuer in the ETF's portfolio.

The summary of investment portfolio may change due to the ongoing portfolio transactions of the ETF. The most recent financial statements are available at no cost by calling 1-866-641-5739, or (416) 933-5745, by writing to us at 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7, by visiting our website at www.globalx.ca or through SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

MANAGER'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying audited annual financial statements of Global X Active Global Fixed Income ETF (the "ETF") are the responsibility of the manager and trustee to the ETF, Global X Investments Canada Inc. (the "Manager"). They have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards using information available and include certain amounts that are based on the Manager's best estimates and judgements.

The Manager has developed and maintains a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that all assets are safeguarded and to produce relevant, reliable and timely financial information, including the accompanying financial statements.

These financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager and have been audited by KPMG LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants, on behalf of unitholders. The independent auditor's report outlines the scope of their audit and their opinion on the financial statements.



Rohit Mehta
Director
Global X Investments Canada Inc.



Thomas Park
Director
Global X Investments Canada Inc.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of Global X Active Global Fixed Income ETF

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Global X Active Global Fixed Income ETF (the ETF), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024
- the statement of comprehensive income for the years then ended
- the statement of changes in financial position for the years then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the years then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information

(Hereinafter referred to as the “financial statements”).

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the ETF as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “**Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**” section of our auditor’s report.

We are independent of the ETF in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

- the information included in the Management Report of Fund Performance.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in the Management Report of Fund Performance as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the ETF or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the ETF's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the ETF's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the ETF to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants
The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this auditor's report is Robert D'Aroffi.
Toronto, Canada
March 16, 2026

Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31,

	2025	2024
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,473,219	\$ 750,653
Investments (note 6)	60,922,131	41,837,971
Amounts receivable relating to accrued income	812,772	634,951
Derivative assets (note 3)	202,138	106,663
Total assets	65,410,260	43,330,238
Liabilities		
Accrued management fees (note 9)	29,315	18,909
Accrued operating expenses	11,550	5,085
Amounts payable relating to securities redeemed	5,744	2,134
Distribution payable	274,369	127,305
Derivative liabilities (note 3)	64,631	250,712
Total liabilities	385,609	404,145
Net assets	\$ 65,024,651	\$ 42,926,093
Number of redeemable units outstanding (note 8)	9,396,189	6,062,152
Net assets per unit	\$ 6.92	\$ 7.08

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors of the Manager:



Rohit Mehta
Director



Thomas Park
Director

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Years Ended December 31,

	2025	2024
Income		
Interest income for distribution purposes	\$ 3,061,042	\$ 2,054,820
Securities lending income (note 7)	5,606	5,873
Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives	743,169	(71,479)
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign exchange	(11,276)	2,959
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives	(2,061,836)	(704,175)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of foreign exchange	(20,011)	9,675
	1,716,694	1,297,673
Expenses (note 9)		
Management fees	284,758	182,602
Audit fees	8,087	8,808
Independent Review Committee fees	606	708
Custodial and fund valuation fees	36,021	34,133
Legal fees	1,101	2,246
Securityholder reporting costs	16,170	13,892
Administration fees	26,644	26,908
Transaction costs	50,822	25,189
Withholding taxes	5,047	30,833
	429,256	325,319
Amounts that were payable by the investment fund that were paid or absorbed by the Manager	(39,259)	(57,585)
	389,997	267,734
Increase (decrease) in net assets for the year	\$ 1,326,697	\$ 1,029,939
Increase (decrease) in net assets per unit	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.21

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

Statement of Changes in Financial Position

For the Years Ended December 31,

	2025	2024
Net assets at the beginning of the year	\$ 42,926,093	\$ 30,083,502
Increase (decrease) in net assets	1,326,697	1,029,939
Redeemable unit transactions		
Proceeds from the issuance of securities of the investment fund	27,771,104	14,940,673
Aggregate amounts paid on redemption of securities of the investment fund	(4,211,298)	(1,248,277)
Securities issued on reinvestment of distributions	64,022	82,478
Distributions:		
From net investment income	(2,595,983)	(1,785,489)
From net realized capital gains	–	(176,733)
Return of capital	(255,984)	–
Net assets at the end of the year	\$ 65,024,651	\$ 42,926,093

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31,

	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Increase (decrease) in net assets for the year	\$ 1,326,697	\$ 1,029,939
Adjustments for:		
Net realized (gain) loss on sale of investments and derivatives	(743,169)	71,479
Net realized gain (loss) on currency forward contracts	(905,231)	(1,481,589)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments and derivatives	2,061,836	704,175
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of foreign exchange	552	232
Purchase of investments	(178,371,035)	(89,092,553)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	158,591,883	76,696,894
Amounts receivable relating to accrued income	(177,821)	(202,296)
Accrued expenses	16,871	9,123
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	(18,199,417)	(12,264,596)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Amount received/(paid) from the issuance of units	27,771,104	14,940,673
Amount (paid)/received on redemptions of units	(4,207,688)	(1,246,143)
Distributions paid to unitholders	(2,640,881)	(1,885,262)
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	20,922,535	11,809,268
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year	2,723,118	(455,328)
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	(552)	(232)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	750,653	1,206,213
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 3,473,219	\$ 750,653
Supplemental Information:		
Interest received, net of withholding taxes	\$ 2,876,661	\$ 1,822,765
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	\$ 1,513	\$ (202)

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

Schedule of Investments

As at December 31, 2025

Security	Par Value/ Contracts	Average Cost	Fair Value
GLOBAL FIXED INCOME SECURITIES (46.87%)			
Government Bonds (32.08%)			
Bogota Distrito Capital, Sinkable, Callable, 13.14%, 2035/11/05	1,000,000,000	\$ 357,585	\$ 364,394
Federal Republic of Germany, Series 'G', 2.30%, 2033/02/15	100,000	152,289	157,888
Federal Republic of Germany, 2.60%, 2035/08/15	700,000	1,103,528	1,105,230
Federal Republic of Germany, 1.00%, 2038/05/15	100,000	126,241	126,976
Federal Republic of Germany, Zero Coupon, 2035/05/15	600,000	752,180	742,547
French Republic, 1.50%, 2031/05/25	410,000	569,689	616,277
French Republic, Series 'OAT', 1.25%, 2036/05/25	1,000,000	1,274,893	1,285,440
Government of Japan, Series '73', 0.70%, 2051/12/20	225,000,000	1,240,325	1,066,821
Japan Expressway Holding and Debt Repayment Agency, Series '292', 0.59%, 2056/10/31	200,000,000	917,936	786,680
Japan Housing Finance Agency, Series '335', 0.77%, 2051/09/20	100,000,000	552,332	449,401
Kingdom of Belgium, 4.88%, 2055/06/10	700,000	918,801	872,123
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, 3.75%, 2055/01/21	600,000	551,022	584,709
Kingdom of Spain, 3.55%, 2033/10/31	300,000	448,061	500,373
Kingdom of Spain, 3.25%, 2034/04/30	355,000	522,344	577,612
Kingdom of Spain, 1.85%, 2035/07/30	440,000	583,567	629,648
Kingdom of the Netherlands, 2.50%, 2034/07/15	607,500	905,288	952,363
Kingdom of the Netherlands, 2.50%, 2035/07/15	665,000	1,036,993	1,031,884
New South Wales Treasury Corp., 2.25%, 2041/05/07	750,000	438,804	442,442
Republic of Austria, 2.90%, 2033/02/20	355,000	524,964	573,688
Republic of Chile, 6.00%, 2033/04/01	300,000,000	477,817	483,980
Republic of Colombia, Callable, 5.00%, 2032/09/19	300,000	483,161	464,172
Republic of Colombia, Callable, 5.00%, 2045/06/15	150,000	148,692	150,449
Republic of Finland, 0.13%, 2036/04/15	225,000	260,578	264,610
United Kingdom Treasury Bond, 4.25%, 2034/07/31	450,000	825,732	822,674
United Kingdom Treasury Bond, 4.50%, 2035/03/07	55,000	102,453	101,948
United Kingdom Treasury Bond, 0.63%, 2035/07/31	2,686,500	3,388,743	3,496,000
United Kingdom Treasury Bond, 1.50%, 2053/07/31	737,500	609,997	627,700
United Mexican States, Callable, 2.66%, 2031/05/24	500,000	614,187	612,500
United Mexican States, Series 'M', 8.00%, 2055/04/29	150,000	982,857	971,739
		20,871,059	20,862,268
Corporate Bonds (14.79%)			
Bellis Acquisition Co. PLC, Callable, 8.13%, 2030/05/14	500,000	870,583	862,803
Bellis Acquisition Co. PLC, Callable, 8.00%, 2031/07/01	350,000	551,938	548,567
BNP Paribas, Variable Rate, Callable, 4.38%, 2033/03/01	250,000	342,686	341,332
BNP Paribas SA, Variable Rate, Callable, 4.49%, 2035/09/03	200,000	200,000	201,727
Braskem Netherlands Finance BV, Callable, 4.50%, 2028/01/10	2,850,000	2,453,956	1,611,637
Braskem Netherlands Finance BV, 4.50%, 2030/01/31	800,000	946,264	430,003

Schedule of Investments (continued)

As at December 31, 2025

Security	Par Value/ Contracts	Average Cost	Fair Value
Braskem Netherlands Finance BV, Variable Rate, Callable, 8.50%, 2081/01/23	1,000,000	971,507	240,196
Ecopetrol SA, 5.88%, 2045/05/28	2,178,000	2,244,528	2,226,679
Empresas Publicas de Medellin ESP, Callable, 8.38%, 2027/11/08	1,100,000,000	349,871	367,504
Legal & General Group PLC, Variable Rate, Perpetual, 5.63%, 2031/03/24	325,000	582,871	580,811
Orbia Advance Corp. SAB de CV, Callable, 7.50%, 2035/05/13	200,000	295,384	266,648
Petroleos Mexicanos, 6.75%, 2047/09/21	16,000	18,405	18,071
Rio Smart Lighting SARM, Sinkable, 12.25%, 2032/09/20	4,234,980	964,214	988,070
SA Global Sukuk Ltd., Callable, 4.63%, 2035/09/17	600,000	818,469	803,877
Saudi Arabian Oil Co., 4.25%, 2039/04/16	100,000	124,933	125,477
		11,735,609	9,613,402
TOTAL GLOBAL FIXED INCOME SECURITIES		32,606,668	30,475,670
U.S. FIXED INCOME SECURITIES (35.37%)			
Government Bonds (25.40%)			
United States Treasury Bond, 1.13%, 2028/08/31	2,885,000	3,731,573	3,721,522
United States Treasury Bond, 3.88%, 2030/04/30	600,000	828,031	830,736
United States Treasury Bond, 4.00%, 2030/07/31	475,000	659,064	660,887
United States Treasury Bond, 3.63%, 2030/09/30	450,000	626,114	615,910
United States Treasury Bond, 0.88%, 2030/11/15	375,000	446,672	450,479
United States Treasury Bond, 3.75%, 2030/12/31	500,000	691,695	687,428
United States Treasury Bond, 3.50%, 2033/02/15	517,000	664,293	690,829
United States Treasury Bond, 4.00%, 2034/02/15	1,158,000	1,546,945	1,587,737
United States Treasury Bond, 3.88%, 2034/08/15	1,602,000	2,141,779	2,169,665
United States Treasury Bond, 4.25%, 2035/05/15	925,000	1,267,630	1,283,198
United States Treasury Bond, 4.25%, 2035/08/15	1,275,000	1,792,493	1,766,681
United States Treasury Bond, 4.00%, 2035/11/15	250,000	340,305	338,982
United States Treasury Bond, 2.88%, 2045/08/15	100,000	106,750	103,413
United States Treasury Bond, 4.63%, 2045/11/15	525,000	705,092	706,852
United States Treasury Bond, 3.63%, 2053/05/15	475,000	526,798	529,986
United States Treasury Bond, 4.75%, 2055/05/15	275,000	367,812	372,674
		16,443,046	16,516,979
Corporate Bonds (9.97%)			
Athene Global Funding, 5.54%, 2035/08/22	430,000	592,302	593,673
Bank of America Corp., Variable Rate, Callable, 2.48%, 2036/09/21	325,000	393,995	392,195
Cloud Capital Holdco L.P., Class 'A2', Series '24-1A', Callable, 5.78%, 2049/11/22	250,000	349,412	345,977
Cloud Capital Holdco L.P., Class 'A2', Series '24-2A', Callable, 5.92%, 2049/11/22	450,000	642,431	625,873

Schedule of Investments (continued)

As at December 31, 2025

Security	Par Value/ Contracts	Average Cost	Fair Value
Compass Datacenters Issuer II LLC, Class 'A1', Series '24-1A', Callable, 5.25%, 2049/02/25	275,000	386,225	380,654
Compass Datacenters Issuer II LLC, Class 'A1', Series '25-1A', Callable, 5.32%, 2050/05/25	250,000	355,228	346,978
Directv Financing LLC, Callable, 8.88%, 2030/02/01	450,000	612,715	626,418
Frontier Issuer LLC, Class 'A2', Series '23-1', Callable, 6.60%, 2053/08/20	400,000	557,443	554,220
Frontier Issuer LLC, Class 'A2', Series '24-1', Callable, 6.19%, 2054/06/20	200,000	273,312	283,637
Hotwire Funding LLC, Class 'A2', Series '23-1A', Callable, 5.69%, 2053/05/20	100,000	140,755	138,593
Kentucky Power Cost Recovery LLC, Sinkable, 5.30%, 2045/09/01	300,000	409,893	424,910
Oracle Corp., Callable, 3.60%, 2040/04/01	225,000	236,270	229,958
Oracle Corp., Callable, 5.38%, 2040/07/15	175,000	220,299	215,665
Retained Vantage Data Centers Issuer LLC, Class 'A2B', Series '23-1A', Callable, 5.25%, 2048/09/15	300,000	265,706	303,807
ViacomCBS Inc., Variable Rate, Callable, 6.25%, 2057/02/28	375,000	468,335	464,201
Zayo Issuer LLC, Class 'A2', Series '25-2A', Callable, 5.95%, 2055/06/20	250,000	346,063	352,590
Zayo Issuer LLC, Class 'A2', Series '25-3A', Callable, 5.57%, 2055/10/20	150,000	206,798	206,329
		6,457,182	6,485,678
TOTAL U.S. FIXED INCOME SECURITIES		22,900,228	23,002,657
CANADIAN FIXED INCOME SECURITIES (7.27%)			
Corporate Bonds (6.35%)			
Corus Entertainment Inc., Callable, 5.00%, 2028/05/11	1,960,000	983,531	715,400
Kruger Products Inc., Callable, 6.25%, 2032/12/10	250,000	250,000	251,726
Laurentian Bank of Canada, Series '1', Variable Rate, Callable, 5.30%, 2081/06/15	350,000	288,875	340,945
Sagcor Financial Co. Ltd., Callable, 6.36%, 2029/06/20	575,000	586,374	596,317
Saturn Oil & Gas Inc., Callable, 9.63%, 2029/06/15	438,000	617,139	593,329
Telesat Canada / Telesat LLC, Callable, 5.63%, 2026/12/06	870,000	702,832	954,459
Top Aces Inc., Callable, 9.00%, 2030/03/13	650,000	650,875	675,187
		4,079,626	4,127,363
Asset-Backed Securities (0.92%)			
Cologix Data Centers Issuer LLC, Class 'A2', Series '22-1CAN4', Callable, 4.94%, 2052/01/25	600,000	588,260	597,252
		4,667,886	4,724,615
TOTAL CANADIAN FIXED INCOME SECURITIES			
SUPRANATIONAL SECURITIES (4.18%)			
Government Bonds (4.18%)			
Africa Finance Corp., 2.88%, 2028/04/28	250,000	334,620	330,270
European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, 25.00%, 2026/02/07	200,000,000	274,172	184,481

Schedule of Investments (continued)

As at December 31, 2025

Security	Par Value/ Contracts	Average Cost	Fair Value
European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, Zero Coupon, Callable, 2036/01/22	5,000,000	130,791	127,510
European Investment Bank, Zero Coupon, 2035/02/20	7,750,000	703,883	698,947
European Union, Series 'NGEU', 3.00%, 2034/12/04	495,000	751,156	793,535
International Finance Corp., 11.75%, 2030/07/18	2,365,000	570,146	584,446
		2,764,768	2,719,189
TOTAL SUPRANATIONAL SECURITIES		2,764,768	2,719,189
DERIVATIVES (0.21%)			
Currency Forwards (0.21%)			
Currency forward contract to buy US\$350,000 for CLP 317,488,500 maturing January 26, 2026		–	(3,867)
Currency forward contract to buy US\$250,000 for COP 977,500,000 maturing February 4, 2026		–	(6,027)
Currency forward contract to buy JPY¥25,680,000 for MXN 3,000,000 maturing March 17, 2026		–	(668)
Currency forward contract to buy C\$37,193,546 for US\$27,110,582 maturing March 18, 2026		–	98,202
Currency forward contract to buy C\$2,605,342 for JPY¥291,800,350 maturing March 18, 2026		–	40,461
Currency forward contract to buy C\$11,285,013 for EUR€6,974,399 maturing March 18, 2026		–	32,098
Currency forward contract to buy US\$1,274,929 for BRL 7,072,160 maturing March 18, 2026		–	7,971
Currency forward contract to buy MXN 11,490,000 for C\$859,701 maturing March 18, 2026		–	7,209
Currency forward contract to buy C\$421,829 for AU\$460,556 maturing March 18, 2026		–	1,245
Currency forward contract to buy US\$85,004 for COP 332,500,000 maturing March 18, 2026		–	(1,221)
Currency forward contract to buy EUR€416,000 for C\$672,986 maturing March 18, 2026		–	(1,787)
Currency forward contract to buy US\$887,000 for C\$1,216,791 maturing March 18, 2026		–	(3,111)
Currency forward contract to buy C\$1,717,285 for MXN 22,844,439 maturing March 18, 2026		–	(6,307)
Currency forward contract to buy C\$6,168,384 for GB£3,359,480 maturing March 18, 2026		–	(26,691)
		–	137,507
TOTAL DERIVATIVES		–	137,507

Schedule of Investments (continued)

As at December 31, 2025

Security	Par Value/ Contracts	Average Cost	Fair Value
Transaction Costs		(3)	
TOTAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (93.90%)	\$ 62,939,547		\$ 61,059,638
Cash and cash equivalents (5.34%)			3,473,219
Other assets less liabilities (0.76%)			491,794
NET ASSETS (100.00%)			\$ 65,024,651

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Global X Active Global Fixed Income ETF (“HAF” or the “ETF”) is an investment trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario by Declaration of Trust and effectively began operations on July 20, 2009. The address of the ETF’s registered office is: c/o Global X Investments Canada Inc., 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7.

The ETF is offered for sale on a continuous basis by its prospectus in Class E units (“Class E”) which trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange (“TSX”) under the symbol HAF. An investor may buy or sell units of the ETF on the TSX only through a registered broker or dealer in the province or territory where the investor resides. Investors are able to trade units of the ETF in the same way as other securities traded on the TSX, including by using market orders and limit orders and may incur customary brokerage commissions when buying or selling units.

The investment objective of HAF is to seek to provide Unitholders with: (i) a stable stream of monthly distributions; and (ii) the opportunity for capital appreciation through a tactical asset allocation strategy that includes managing the duration and yield of its exposure to debt (including debt-like securities) according to the prevailing interest rate environment.

Global X Investments Canada Inc. is the manager, trustee and investment manager of the ETF (“Global X”, the “Manager” or the “Investment Manager”). The Investment Manager is responsible for implementing the ETF’s investment strategies and for engaging the services of Fiera Capital Corporation (“Fiera” or the “Sub-Advisor”), to act as the sub-advisor to the ETF.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(i) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards (“IFRS”). Any mention of total net assets, net assets, net asset value or increase (decrease) in net assets is referring to net assets or increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as reported under IFRS.

These financial statements were authorized for issue on March 16, 2026, by the Board of Directors of the Manager.

(ii) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at fair value.

(iii) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the ETF’s functional currency. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the ETF operates. If indicators of the primary economic environment are mixed, then management uses its judgement to determine the functional currency that most faithfully represents the economic effect of the underlying transactions, events and conditions.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

(a) Financial instruments

(i) Recognition, initial measurement and classification

The ETF is subject to IFRS 9, Financial Instruments (“IFRS 9”) for the classification and measurement requirements for financial instruments, including impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting.

IFRS 9 requires financial assets to be classified based on the ETF’s business model for managing the financial assets and contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The standard includes three principal classification categories for financial assets: measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). IFRS 9 requires classification of debt instruments, if any, based solely on payments of principal and interests, and business model tests.

The ETF’s financial assets and financial liabilities are managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The contractual cash flows of the ETF’s debt securities, if any, consist solely of principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held in held-to-collect, or held-to-collect-and-sell business models in IFRS 9.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are initially recognized on the trade date, at fair value (see below), with transaction costs recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated at fair value.

The ETF classifies financial assets and financial liabilities into the following categories:

- Financial assets classified at FVTPL: debt securities, equity investments and derivative financial instruments
- Financial assets at amortized cost: all other financial assets
- Financial liabilities classified at FVTPL: derivative financial instruments and securities sold short, if any
- Financial liabilities at amortized cost: all other financial liabilities

(ii) Impairment

At each reporting date, financial assets measured at amortized cost are assessed for impairment using the expected-credit-loss model, with any loss allowances recognized in profit or loss. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default in payments are all considered indicators that amounts may be credit impaired.

(iii) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the ETF has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

Investments are valued at fair value as of the close of business on each day upon which a session of the TSX is held (“Valuation Date”) and based on external pricing sources to the extent possible. Investments held that are traded in an active market through recognized public stock exchanges, over-the-counter markets, or through recognized investment dealers, are valued at their closing sale price. For exchange-traded securities, close prices are considered to be fair value if they fall within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the close price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. However, such prices may be adjusted if a more accurate value can be

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

obtained from recent trading activity or by incorporating other relevant information that may not have been reflected in pricing obtained from external sources. Short-term investments, including notes and money market instruments, are valued at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

Investments held that are not traded in an active market, including some derivative financial instruments, are valued using observable market inputs where possible, on such basis and in such manner as established by the Manager. Derivative financial instruments are recorded in the statement of financial position according to the gain or loss that would be realized if the contracts were closed out on the Valuation Date. Margin deposits, if any, are included in the schedule of investments as margin deposits. See also, the summary of fair value measurements in note 6.

Fair value policies used for financial reporting purposes are the same as those used to measure the net asset value (“NAV”) for transactions with unitholders.

The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

(iv) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis for gains and losses from financial instruments at FVTPL and foreign exchange gains and losses.

(v) Specific instruments

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit and short-term, interest bearing notes with a term to maturity of less than three months from the date of purchase.

As at December 31, 2025, the ETF held cash equivalents of \$4,014,132 (2024 – \$358,651).

Forward foreign exchange contracts

Forward foreign exchange contracts, if any, are valued at the current market value thereof on the Valuation Date. The value of these forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the Valuation Date, the positions were to be closed out and recorded as derivative assets and/or liabilities in the statement of financial position and as a net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives in the statement of comprehensive income. When the forward contracts are closed out or mature, realized gains or losses on forward contracts are recognized and are included in the statement of comprehensive income in net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives. The Canadian dollar value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward currency exchange rates supplied by an independent service provider.

Redeemable units

The redeemable units are measured at the redemption amounts and are considered a residual amount of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units. They are classified as financial liabilities as a result of the ETF’s requirement to distribute net income and capital gains to unitholders.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

(b) Investment income

Investment income comprises interest income earned on debt instruments, including the accretion of discounts on zero-coupon bonds, calculated using the effective interest method. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss over the life of the instrument, irrespective of the timing of cash receipts.

Investment transactions are accounted for as of the trade date. Realized gains and losses from investment transactions are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. The difference between fair value and average cost, as recorded in the financial statements, is included in the statement of comprehensive income as part of the net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives. Interest income for distribution purposes from investments in bonds and short-term investments represents the coupon interest received by the ETF accounted for on an accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Distribution income from investments in other funds or ETFs is recognized when earned.

Income from derivatives is shown in the statement of comprehensive income as net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives; net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives; and, interest income for distribution purposes, in accordance with its nature.

Income from securities lending, if any, is included in “Securities lending income” on the statement of comprehensive income and is recognized when earned. Any securities on loan continue to be displayed in the schedule of investments and the market value of the securities loaned and collateral held is determined daily (see note 7).

If the ETF incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains, such income and gains are recorded on a gross basis and the related withholding taxes are shown as a separate expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

(c) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the ETF’s reporting currency using the exchange rate prevailing on the trade date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented as “Net realized gain (loss) on foreign exchange”, except for those arising from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, which are recognized as a component within “Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives” and “Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives” in the statement of comprehensive income.

(d) Cost basis

The cost of portfolio investments is determined on an average cost basis.

(e) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit

The increase (decrease) in net assets per unit in the statement of comprehensive income represents the change in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations divided by the weighted average number of units of the ETF outstanding during the reporting year.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

(f) Unitholder transactions

The value at which units are issued or redeemed is determined by dividing the net asset value of the ETF by the total number of units outstanding of the ETF on the applicable Valuation Date. Amounts received on the issuance of units and amounts paid on the redemption of units are included in the statement of changes in financial position. Orders for subscriptions or redemptions are only permissible on valid trading days, as defined in the ETF's prospectus.

(g) Amounts receivable (payable) relating to portfolio assets sold (purchased)

In accordance with the ETF's policy of trade date accounting for sale and purchase transactions, sales/purchase transactions awaiting settlement represent amounts receivable/payable for securities sold/purchased, but not yet settled as at the reporting date.

(h) Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit

Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit is calculated by dividing the ETF's net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units by the number of units of the ETF outstanding on the Valuation Date.

(i) Transaction costs

Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of an investment, which include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and any applicable transfer taxes and duties. Transaction costs are expensed and are included in "Transaction costs" in the statement of comprehensive income.

(j) Future changes in accounting policies

IFRS 7 and IFRS 9 will have amendments that will apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. The amendments relate to settling financial liabilities using an electronic payment system and assessing contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets, including those with Environmental, Social, and Governance linked features. There are additional amended disclosure requirements related to financial instruments with contingent features.

IFRS 18 will replace IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and will apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. IFRS 18 introduces new required categories and subtotals in the statement of comprehensive income and enhances the presentation of management-defined performance measures to be disclosed in a single note. It also requires entities to use the operating profit subtotal as the starting point for the statement of cash flows when presenting operating cash flows under the indirect method. This change will impact the structure of the ETF's statement of comprehensive income, the statement of cash flows and additional required disclosures.

The ETF is in the process of assessing the impact of the amended and new accounting standards to the financial statements.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the Manager has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

The ETF may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets, including derivatives. The determination of the fair value of these instruments is the area with the most significant accounting judgements and estimates that the ETF has made in preparing the financial statements. See note 6 for more information on the fair value measurement of the ETF's financial instruments.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK

In the normal course of business, the ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. The Manager seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks for the ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by daily monitoring of the ETF's positions and market events, and periodically may use derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, the Manager maintains a governance structure that oversees the ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's stated investment strategies, internal guidelines and securities regulations.

Significant financial instrument risks that are relevant to the ETF, and analysis thereof, are presented below.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads (not relating to changes in the obligor's/issuer's credit standing) will affect the ETF's income or the fair value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

(i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated in currencies other than the ETF's reporting currency, the Canadian dollar, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates and adversely impact the ETF's income, cash flows or fair values of its investment holdings. The ETF may reduce its foreign currency exposure through the use of derivative arrangements such as foreign exchange forward contracts or futures contracts. The following tables indicate the foreign currencies to which the ETF had significant exposure as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, in Canadian dollar terms and the potential impact on the ETF's net assets (including the underlying principal amount of future or forward currency contracts, if any), as a result of a 1% change in these currencies relative to the Canadian dollar:

December 31, 2025	Financial Instruments	Currency Forward and/or Futures Contracts	Total	Impact on Net Asset Value
Currency	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)
U.S. Dollar	33,324	(33,198)	126	1
Euro Currency	10,509	(10,582)	(73)	(1)
British Pound	6,568	(6,195)	373	4
Brazilian Real	2,334	(1,737)	597	6
Australian Dollar	457	(421)	36	–
Mexican Peso	1,107	(1,083)	24	–
Chilean Peso	495	(484)	11	–
South African Rand	–	–	–	–
Polish Zloty	1	–	1	–
Colombian Peso	744	(466)	278	3

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

December 31, 2025	Financial Instruments	Currency Forward and/or Futures Contracts	Total	Impact on Net Asset Value
Currency	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)
Norwegian Krone	27	–	27	–
Japanese Yen	2,322	(2,339)	(17)	–
Total	57,888	(56,505)	1,383	14
As % of Net Asset Value	89.0%	-86.9%	2.1%	0.0%

December 31, 2024	Financial Instruments	Currency Forward and/or Futures Contracts	Total	Impact on Net Asset Value
Currency	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)
U.S. Dollar	21,869	(22,281)	(412)	(4)
Euro Currency	9,325	(9,286)	39	–
British Pound	3,362	(3,353)	9	–
Brazilian Real	264	(250)	14	–
Australian Dollar	451	(424)	27	–
Mexican Peso	3,385	(3,567)	(182)	(2)
Chilean Peso	10	–	10	–
South African Rand	323	(321)	2	–
Polish Zloty	9	–	9	–
Colombian Peso	164	(107)	57	1
Norwegian Krone	1,402	(1,417)	(15)	–
Total	40,564	(41,006)	(442)	(4)
As % of Net Asset Value	94.5%	-95.5%	-1.0%	0.0%

(ii) Interest rate risk

The ETF may be exposed to the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of its financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. In general, the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will rise if interest rates fall, and conversely, will generally fall if interest rates rise. There is minimal sensitivity to interest rate fluctuation on cash and cash equivalents invested at short-term market rates since those securities are usually held to maturity and are short term in nature.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

The following table summarizes the ETF's exposure to interest rate risk, including the ETF's assets categorized by the remaining term to maturity:

Investments	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	> 5 years	Non-interest bearing	Total
As at	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)	(\$000's)
December 31, 2025	5,205	6,865	7,752	45,925	–	65,747
December 31, 2024	848	547	2,560	38,876	–	42,831

The percentage of the ETF's net assets exposed to interest rate risk as at December 31, 2025, was 101.1% (December 31, 2024 – 99.8%). The amount by which the net assets of the ETF would have increased or decreased, as at December 31, 2025, had the prevailing interest rates been lowered or raised by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, with all other variables remaining constant, was \$4,470,837 (December 31, 2024 – \$2,900,649). The ETF's interest rate sensitivity was determined based on portfolio weighted duration. In practice, actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis.

(iii) Other market risk

Other market risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. The Manager has implemented internal risk management controls on the ETF which are intended to limit the loss on its trading activities.

The table below shows the estimated impact on the ETF of a 1% increase or decrease in a broad-based market index, based on historical correlation, with all other factors remaining constant, as at the dates shown. In practice, actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material. The historical correlation may not be representative of future correlation.

Comparative Index	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
ICE BofA Merrill Lynch Canada Corporate Bond Index	\$159,829	\$96,905

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk on financial instruments is the risk of a financial loss occurring as a result of the default of a counterparty on its obligation to the ETF. It arises principally from debt securities held, and also from derivative financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, and other receivables. The ETF's maximum credit risk exposure as at the reporting date is represented by the respective carrying amounts of the financial assets in the statement of financial position. The ETF's credit risk policy is to minimize its exposure to counterparties with perceived higher risk of default by dealing only with counterparties that meet the credit standards set out in the ETF's prospectus and, when necessary, receiving acceptable collateral.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

Analysis of credit quality

The ETF's credit risk exposure by designated rating of the invested portfolio as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, is listed as follows:

Debt or Derivative Securities by Credit Rating	Percentage of Net Asset Value (%)	
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
AAA	15.3%	10.7%
AA	48.4%	37.3%
A	11.3%	10.2%
BBB	8.0%	17.8%
BB	5.1%	16.4%
B	5.0%	2.0%
CCC	3.3%	4.0%
C	1.6%	0.0%
D	1.5%	0.9%
Unrated	1.6%	0.5%
Total	101.1%	99.8%

Designated ratings are obtained by Standard & Poor's, Moody's and/or Dominion Bond Rating Services. Where more than one rating is obtained for a security, the lowest rating has been used. Credit risk is managed by dealing with counterparties the ETF believes to be creditworthy and by regular monitoring of credit exposures. The maximum exposure to any one debt issuer as of December 31, 2025, was 25.4% (December 31, 2024 – 23.3%) of the net assets of the ETF.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the ETF will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The ETF's policy and the Investment Manager's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stress conditions, including estimated redemptions of shares, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the ETF's reputation. Generally, liabilities of the ETF are due within 90 days except for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, which are due on demand. Liquidity risk is managed by investing the majority of the ETF's assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. The ETF aims to retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain liquidity; therefore, the liquidity risk for the ETF is considered minimal.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Below is a classification of fair value measurements of the ETF's investments based on a three level fair value hierarchy and a reconciliation of transactions and transfers within that hierarchy. The hierarchy of fair valuation inputs is summarized as follows:

- Level 1: securities that are valued based on quoted prices in active markets.
- Level 2: securities that are valued based on inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, either directly as prices, or indirectly as derived from prices.
- Level 3: securities that are valued with significant unobservable market data.

Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into or out of an investment's assigned level. The following is a summary of the inputs used as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, in valuing the ETF's investments and derivatives carried at fair values:

	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)
Financial Assets						
Bonds	–	60,324,879	–	–	41,375,064	–
Asset-Backed Securities	–	597,252	–	–	462,907	–
Currency Forward Contracts	–	188,108	–	–	105,755	–
Total Financial Assets	–	61,110,239	–	–	41,943,726	–
Financial Liabilities						
Currency Forward Contracts	–	(50,601)	–	–	(249,804)	–
Total Financial Liabilities	–	(50,601)	–	–	(249,804)	–
Net Financial Assets and Liabilities	–	61,059,638	–	–	41,693,922	–

There were no significant transfers made between Levels 1 and 2 as a result of changes in the availability of quoted market prices or observable market inputs during the years shown. In addition, there were no investments or transactions classified in Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

7. SECURITIES LENDING

In order to generate additional returns, the ETF is authorized to enter into securities lending agreements with borrowers deemed acceptable in accordance with National Instrument 81-102 – *Investment Funds* ("NI 81-102"). Under a securities lending agreement, the borrower must pay the ETF a negotiated securities lending fee, provide compensation to the ETF equal to any distributions received by the borrower on the securities borrowed, and the ETF must receive an acceptable form of collateral in excess of the value of the securities loaned. Although such collateral is marked to market, the ETF may be exposed to the risk of loss should a borrower default on its obligations to return the borrowed securities and the collateral is insufficient to reconstitute the portfolio of loaned securities. Revenue, if any, earned on securities lending transactions during the year is disclosed in the ETF's statement of comprehensive income.

The aggregate closing market value of securities loaned and collateral received as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, was as follows:

As at	Securities Loaned	Collateral Received
December 31, 2025	\$11,073,670	\$11,659,576
December 31, 2024	\$7,376,826	\$7,747,542

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

Collateral may comprise, but is not limited to, cash and obligations of or guaranteed by the Government of Canada or a province thereof; by the United States government or its agencies; by some sovereign states; by permitted supranational agencies; and short-term debt of Canadian financial institutions, if, in each case, the evidence of indebtedness has a designated rating as defined by NI 81-102.

The table below presents a reconciliation of the securities lending income as presented in the statement of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. It shows the gross amount of securities lending revenues generated from the securities lending transactions of the ETF, less any taxes withheld and amounts earned by parties entitled to receive payments out of the gross amount as part of any securities lending agreements.

For the years ended	December 31, 2025	% of Gross Income	December 31, 2024	% of Gross Income
Gross securities lending income	\$9,645		\$10,007	
Withholding taxes	(324)	3.36%	(220)	2.20%
Lending Agents' fees:				
The Bank of New York Mellon	(3,715)	38.52%	(3,914)	39.11%
Net securities lending income paid to the ETF	\$5,606	58.12%	\$5,873	58.69%

8. REDEEMABLE UNITS

The ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable, transferable Class E units each of which represents an equal, undivided interest in the net assets of the ETF. Each unit entitles the owner to one vote at meetings of unitholders. Each unit is entitled to participate equally with all other units with respect to all payments made to unitholders, other than management fee distributions, whether by way of income or capital distributions and, on liquidation, to participate equally in the net assets of the ETF remaining after satisfaction of any outstanding liabilities that are attributable to units of that class of the ETF. All units will be fully paid and non-assessable, with no liability for future assessments, when issued and will not be transferable except by operation of law.

The redeemable units issued by the ETF provide an investor with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the investor's share in the ETF's net assets at each redemption date. They are classified as liabilities as a result of the ETF's requirement to distribute net income and capital gains to unitholders. The ETF's objectives in managing the redeemable units are to meet the ETF's investment objective, and to manage liquidity risk arising from redemptions. The ETF's management of liquidity risk arising from redeemable units is discussed in note 5.

On any valid trading day, as defined in the ETF's prospectus, unitholders of the ETF may (i) redeem units of the ETF for cash at a redemption price per unit equal to 95% of the closing price for units of the ETF on the TSX on the effective day of the redemption, where the units being redeemed are not equal to a prescribed number of units ("PNU") or a multiple PNU; or (ii) redeem, less any applicable redemption charge as determined by the Manager in its sole discretion from time to time, a PNU or a multiple PNU of the ETF for cash equal to the net asset value of that number of units.

Units of the ETF are issued or redeemed on a daily basis at the net asset value per security that is determined as at 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Time) each business day. Purchase and redemption orders are subject to a 9:30 a.m. (Eastern Time) cut-off time.

The ETF is required to distribute any net income and capital gains that it has earned in the period. Income earned by the ETF is distributed to unitholders at least once per year, if necessary, and these distributions are either paid in cash or reinvested by unitholders into additional units of the ETF. Net realized capital gains, if any, are typically distributed in December of each year to unitholders. The annual capital gains distributions are not paid in cash but rather, are reinvested and reported as taxable distributions and used to increase each unitholder's adjusted cost base for the ETF. Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units are recognized in the statement of changes in financial position.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the number of units issued by subscription and/or distribution reinvestment, the number of units redeemed, the total and average number of units outstanding was as follows:

Year	Beginning Units Outstanding	Units Issued	Units Redeemed	Ending Units Outstanding	Average Units Outstanding
2025	6,062,152	3,934,037	(600,000)	9,396,189	7,973,352
2024	4,150,730	2,086,422	(175,000)	6,062,152	5,000,488

9. EXPENSES

Management fees

The Manager provides, or oversees the provision of, administrative services required by the ETF including, but not limited to: negotiating contracts with certain third-party service providers, such as portfolio managers, custodians, registrars, transfer agents, auditors and printers; authorizing the payment of operating expenses incurred on behalf of the ETF; arranging for the maintenance of accounting records for the ETF; preparing reports to unitholders and to the applicable securities regulatory authorities; calculating the amount and determining the frequency of distributions by the ETF; preparing financial statements, income tax returns and financial and accounting information as required by the ETF; ensuring that unitholders are provided with financial statements and other reports as are required from time to time by applicable law; ensuring that the ETF complies with all other regulatory requirements, including the continuous disclosure obligations of the ETF under applicable securities laws; administering purchases, redemptions and other transactions in units of the ETF; and dealing and communicating with unitholders of the ETF. The Manager provides office facilities and personnel to carry out these services, if not otherwise furnished by any other service provider to the ETF. The Manager also monitors the investment strategies of the ETF to ensure that the ETF complies with its investment objectives, investment strategies and investment restrictions and practices.

In consideration for the provision of these services, the Manager receives a monthly management fee at the annual rate of 0.45%, plus applicable sales taxes, of the net asset value of the ETF's units, calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly in arrears. The Sub-Advisor is compensated for its services out of the management fees without any further cost to the ETF. Any expenses of the ETF which are waived or absorbed by the Manager are paid out of the management fees received by the Manager.

Other expenses

Unless otherwise waived or reimbursed by the Manager, the ETF pays all of its operating expenses, including but not limited to: audit fees; trustee and custodial expenses; valuation, accounting and record keeping costs; legal expenses; permitted prospectus preparation and filing expenses; costs associated with delivering documents to unitholders; listing and annual stock exchange fees; index licensing fees, if applicable; fees payable to CDS Clearing and Depository Services Inc.; bank related fees and interest charges; extraordinary expenses; unitholder reports and servicing costs; registrar and transfer agent fees; costs associated with the Independent Review Committee; income taxes; sales taxes; brokerage expenses and commissions; withholding taxes; and fees payable to service providers in connection with regulatory compliance and tax matters in foreign jurisdictions.

The Manager, at its discretion, may waive and/or absorb a portion of the fees and/or expenses otherwise payable by the ETF. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at the discretion of the Manager.

10. BROKER COMMISSIONS, SOFT DOLLARS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Brokerage commissions paid on securities transactions may include amounts paid to related parties of the Manager for brokerage services provided to the ETF.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

Research and system usage related services received in return for commissions generated with specific dealers are generally referred to as soft dollars.

Brokerage commissions paid to dealers in connection with investment portfolio transactions, soft dollar transactions incurred and amounts paid to related parties of the Manager, if any, for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, were as follows:

Year Ended	Brokerage Commissions Paid	Soft Dollar Transactions	Amount Paid to Related Parties
December 31, 2025	\$11	\$nil	\$nil
December 31, 2024	\$9	\$nil	\$nil

In addition to the information contained in the table above, the management fees paid to the Manager described in note 9 are related party transactions, as the Manager is considered to be a related party to the ETF. Fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are also considered to be related party transactions. Both the management fees and fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income. The management fees payable by the ETF as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 are disclosed in the statement of financial position.

The ETF may invest in other ETFs managed by the Manager or its affiliates, in accordance with the ETF's investment objectives and strategies. Such investments, if any, are disclosed in the schedule of investments.

11. INCOME TAX

The ETF has qualified as a mutual fund trust under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the "Tax Act") and accordingly, is not taxed on the portion of taxable income that is paid or allocated to unitholders. As a result, the Manager has determined that the ETF is in substance not taxable and therefore does not record income taxes in the statement of comprehensive income nor does it recognize any deferred tax assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position. As well, tax refunds (based on redemptions and realized and unrealized gains during the year) may be available that would make it possible to retain some net capital gains in the ETF without incurring any income taxes.

The ETF may be subject to taxes levied by certain countries on foreign investment income and capital gains. These taxes may be withheld at source or estimated using the most likely method in measuring uncertain tax liabilities in respect of foreign capital gains taxes. Such income and capital gains are recorded on a gross basis with the related foreign withholding tax, or estimate of capital gains taxes, shown as expense in the statement of comprehensive income, and the tax liability amounts included in accrued liabilities in the statement of financial position. The estimate could materially differ from the actual tax payable to the foreign jurisdiction.

As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF did not have any tax liabilities.

12. TAX LOSSES CARRIED FORWARD

Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against capital gains realized in future years. Non-capital losses carried forward may be applied against future years' taxable income. Non-capital losses that are realized in the current taxation year may be carried forward for 20 years. As at December 31, 2025, the ETF had capital losses and/or non-capital losses, with the year of expiry of the non-capital losses as follows:

Capital Losses	Non-Capital Losses	Year of Expiry of the Non-Capital Losses
\$7,841,670	–	–

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

13. OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the normal course of business, the ETF may enter into various master netting arrangements or other similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the statement of financial position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. The following table shows financial instruments that may be eligible for offset, if such conditions were to arise, as at December 31, 2025 and 2024. The “Net” column displays what the net impact would be on the ETF’s statement of financial position if all amounts were set-off.

Financial Assets and Liabilities as at December 31, 2025	Amounts Offset (\$)			Amounts Not Offset (\$)		Net (\$)
	Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Gross Assets (Liabilities) Offset	Net Amounts	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Derivative assets	188,108	–	188,108	(45,168)	–	142,940
Derivative liabilities	(50,601)	–	(50,601)	45,168	–	(5,433)

Financial Assets and Liabilities as at December 31, 2024	Amounts Offset (\$)			Amounts Not Offset (\$)		Net (\$)
	Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Gross Assets (Liabilities) Offset	Net Amounts	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Derivative assets	105,755	–	105,755	(7,428)	–	98,327
Derivative liabilities	(249,804)	–	(249,804)	7,428	–	(242,376)

14. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND UNCONSOLIDATED STRUCTURED ENTITIES

The ETF may invest in units of other ETFs as part of its investment strategies (“Investee ETF(s)”). The nature and purpose of these Investee ETFs generally, is to manage assets on behalf of third party investors in accordance with their investment objectives, and are financed through the issue of units to investors.

In determining whether the ETF has control or significant influence over an Investee ETF, the ETF assesses voting rights, the exposure to variable returns, and its ability to use the voting rights to affect the amount of the returns. In instances where the ETF has control or has significant influence over an Investee ETF, the ETF qualifies as an investment entity under IFRS 10 - *Consolidated Financial Statements*, and therefore accounts for investments it controls or has significant influence at fair value through profit and loss. The ETF’s primary purpose is defined by its investment objectives and uses the investment strategies available to it as defined in the ETF’s prospectus to meet those objectives. The ETF also measures and evaluates the performance of any Investee ETFs on a fair value basis.

Investee ETFs over which the ETF has control or significant influence are categorized as subsidiaries and associates, respectively. All other Investee ETFs are categorized as unconsolidated structured entities. Investee ETFs may be managed by the Manager, its affiliates, or by third-party managers. The ETF does not provide financial support to its unconsolidated structured entities or subsidiaries and has no intention of providing financial or other support.

Investments in Investee ETFs are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainty about future values of those Investee ETFs. The maximum exposure to loss from interests in Investee ETFs is equal to the total fair value of the investment in those respective Investee ETFs at any given point in time. The fair value of Investee ETFs, if any, are disclosed in investments in the statement of financial position and listed in the schedule of investments. As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF had no exposure to subsidiaries, associates or unconsolidated structured entities.

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